W. H. PERRY,
Hardware,
Stoves and
Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

Victoria Daily Times.

C. E. JONES,
Chemist.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
36 Government St.

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 15, 1893. No. 139

LUKE PITHER. MAX LEISER.

PITHER & LEISER,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

BOUCHERAT & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Wines, Liquors and Havana Cigars.

HIGH CLASS WINES A SPECIALTY.

Always in stock: The Leading Brands of Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors, Preller's Clarets and Sauternes, J. Josephin's Bourgogne, B. Bert & Co.'s Sauternes, G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry Champagne, and other Principal Brands of Champagne, also Jos. Schlitz' Celebrated Milwaukee Beer, and the Leading Brands of English Ales and Porter.

WHISKIES Gooderham & Worts' Rye, and the Best Brands of Scotch and Irish Whiskies, In bulk and case.

BRANDIES Hennessy, Martel, Jules Robin, Bisquet, Dubouche, in bulk and Case.

Positively no Wines or Liquors Sold in Quantities less than two gallons or one case.

PITHER & LEISER

Successors to Boucherat & Co.

THE WESTSIDE

Clearance Sale

Of

Mantles, Jackets,

Etc., Begins on

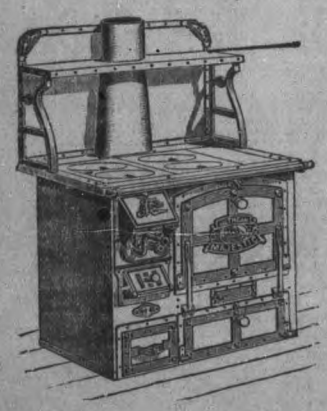
MONDAY, AT TEN O'CLOCK.

All goods are of this season's importation and at the reduced prices should have an immediate sale.

18 regular $6.50 and $8.50, marked for sale at $3.90 and $3.50.
10 regular $8 and $10, marked for sale at $3.90 and $4.50.
50 regular $10 to $15, marked for sale at $4.90 to $5.75.
The balance of high priced garments reduced in a like proportion.
300 Ladies' Summer Ribbed Vests, at 25c. each.
250 Ladies' Summer Ribbed Vests, at 12½c. each.
300 pairs Ladies' Diamond Black Saxony Hose, full fashioned, 25c. per pair.
200 pairs Stainless Lisle "Crescent" Hose, 50c. per pair.
Remainder of Sunshades at about half price.

FOR ONE WEEK.

J. Hutcheson & Co.



THE

Majestic Range

FOR FAMILIES OR HOTELS

One Range will last a Lifetime.
Made of Steel and Maleable Iron.
Large Oven. New Pin Extension Water Front. Will not chill the oven.
Do not fail to examine it at

McLENNAN & McFEELY'S

Are You

If So

CAST YOUR EYE IN

MANSELL'S STORE,

And he will show you
The Latest Styles
In Sporting and Outing

SHOES.

A 95 Government Street. Sport

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST—On Monday 5th inst., from the neighborhood of the Lansdowne road, a brown mare, with three white feet; branded J N on shoulder; star on forehead. Information will be rewarded by Erskine, Wall & Co., corner Government and Fort streets. je15-tf

WANTED—A girl to assist in light housework and care for children. Apply Mrs. J. Ahearn, 173 Simcoe street. je14-tf

EXPERIENCED female white shirt makers. —Bunster Bros., 126 Johnson street. 15-2t

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen tired of Chinese cooking to come and try German cooking at the Vienna, Wilson block, Yates street. Lunch, 35 cts.; with pint of ale, 50 cts.; dinner, 50 cts.; with ale, 65 cts.; with wine, 75 cts. je15-3t

LOST—A lady's white embroidered dress waist, finder will please communicate with M.E., Times office. je14-2t

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED—At No. 42 First street, Work Estate. je14-tf

LOST—On Monday afternoon, on Yates street between Douglas and Broad streets, an Irish terrier dog. The finder will be rewarded on returning him to W. & J. Wilson, Government street. je13-tf

WANTED—A situation to take care of horses, gardening and general chores for private family; eight years experience. Address N. Jones, Times office. je13-3t

WANTED—A small girl to do light housework. Apply to Mrs. Hall, 8 Stanley avenue. je12-4t

FOR SALE—Fine driving horse, quiet and gentle. Apply to Carne & Munsie. je10-1w

WANTED—Agents to sell our choice nursery stock; salary or commission. Address May Brothers, nurserymen, Rochester, N.Y., je10-15t

FOR SALE—A good paying business. Apply E., this office. je9-tf

WANTED—A Partner with small capital. Apply to B., Times office. je8-tf

WANTED—A ward maid. Apply at Jubilee Hospital. je8-tf

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS for two or three gentlemen, or with use of kitchen for married couple, at Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior street, James Bay. je5

TO LET—A comfortable furnished bedroom in private family; partial board if required; good location; James Bay; terms very moderate. Apply Alpha, Times office. je7

WANTED—At once, a first-class pant maker, steady employment. Apply D. Campbell & Co., 88 Government street. je7-tf

BUSINESS FOR SALE—Six thousand dollars in cash or security will buy an interest in one of the most successful mercantile enterprises of this city. Apply P.O. box 738, Victoria, B.C. my31-1m

PIANOS TO LET—Apply 76 Princess avenue. je6-2w

GENTLEMEN TAKE NOTICE—I am getting in a new stock of tweeds and worsteds, and will start in new work, also repairing, cleaning, and altering done on shortest notice. J. McCorkall, 52 Broad street, corner Yates. je6-1m

WANTED—To sell or exchange farm for city property. Shore's hardware store. 57 Johnson street. my20-1m

FOR SALE—350 acres fine farming and timber land in South Saanich, 200 yards from new railway and 10 miles from Victoria; new house and orchard. Will be sold in lots to suit purchaser. Terms, etc., apply to Heisterman & Co., 75 Government street. je2-1m

Card of Thanks.

We desire to tender our thanks to Chief Deasy and firemen for their successful efforts in saving our warehouses from destruction by fire on Thursday morning, 15th inst. 15-1t PITHER & LEISER.

REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE AGENCY.

J. St. Clair Blackett

74 Yates Street,

GENERAL AGENT UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, Etc.

Fire Insurance Written at Lowest Rates.
Collections promptly made.
City Property a Specialty.

COULD NOT AGREE.

Jury on the Underwood Case Discharged —Juvenile Thieves Warned.

Nanaimo, June 15.—The case of Louis Underwood, charged with murder, was concluded yesterday after occupying seven days. The jury were closeted for a long time, and when they returned to court at 3 a. m. they had not agreed, and the judge sent them back till 7 a. m., when, not then having agreed, they were discharged and Underwood was remanded till the next assizes.

Loo Yet, charged with fraud, was given the opportunity of being tried speedily or by jury. He chose the former and pleaded guilty. Sentence deferred.

The five boys charged with stealing small articles from Pimbury's store were brought before Magistrate Planta yesterday and severely reprimanded. They were given to understand they will have to appear when called upon, so that it is essential, if they desire to retain their liberty, that henceforth good behavior must be observed.

Marshal Bray will hold a court of revision of qualification and registration of voters' act, 1876, in accordance with clause 9, sub-section "F."

Yesterday the licensing board were compelled to adjourn for two months without doing any business, owing to Judge Harrison being unable to attend, as he was engaged in a case at the assize court. This is an example of the urgent necessity for the Lieutenant-Governor granting the request of the municipal council to appoint Mr. P. P. Planta a stipendiary magistrate, as required by the new licensing act.

Mr. Justice Crease this morning sentenced the prisoners found guilty at the assizes as follows: The two Indians convicted of housebreaking, one to six years and the other to four years in the penitentiary; Loo Yet, found guilty of larceny, three years; Baxter, larceny, 12 months.

Cholera Epidemic at Mecca.

London, June 15.—The latest advices from Mecca, where cholera is raging, show 350 deaths from the disease during the last five days.

CHEATING UNCLE SAM

Alleged Customs Frauds to be Investigated.

BIG BREACH OF PROMISE SUIT

The High Valuation Placed on a Baltimore Man.

Medical Men Who Would Perform an Operation—What the Great Congress of Charities at Chicago is Doing—Valuable Laces Which the World's Fair People Have Lost.

New York, June 15.—There have been certain irregularities in the importation of second-hand burlap bags, not generally known, which explains some of the difficulties that have beset domestic manufacturers, and some of the reports, says the Dry Goods Chronicle to-day, are to be investigated by a customs inquiry commission. Complaint has been laid before the commission charging fraudulent classification of certain grades of bags and false affidavits as to the origin of others, whereby large quantities of bags are improperly admitted free of duty. Bags made in America, in which American produce has been shipped to foreign countries, may be returned to this country free of duty, upon proper certificates showing the fact as stated. The law requires that the bags so returned duty free shall be the identical bags sent out. It is alleged that the provision is regularly violated.

Second-hand bags of foreign make are bought up in large quantities in Europe, re-marked with American brands and imported into America free of duty as returned American bags. The most important irregularities, it is allegd, are connected with cental bags. From a letter addressed to the commission by a merchant the following is quoted: "These bags are used in exporting wheat from the western coast of the United States. It is very easy to trade them, as they are imported in large quantities, even full cargoes, generally ranging from 3,000 to 5,000 bags in one ship.

For Breach of Promise.

Baltimore, Md., June 15.—Miss Kate Abell wants $20,000 from Mr. Andrew Sigourney for breach of promise. Miss Abell is a handsome brunette; Sigourney a well-known club man, 45, and wealthy. Miss Abell is 25. She says she has known Mr. Sigourney for more than a year, has been engaged to him for some time, and that the wedding was to have taken place about a month ago. She claims to have all the evidence necessary to win her case. Mr. Sigourney's friends say Miss Abell has no claim on him.

Medical Bunglers.

Bridgeport, Conn., June 15.—Mrs. Lewis of this city yesterday brought suit for $5,000 damages against Superintendent Cox, Dr. Hartley and the managers of the New York hospital for the death of her step-son Albert. The boy, who was feeble-minded, died as the result of an operation performed at the hospital for the removal of a goitre. In her complaint Mrs. Lewis states the operation was performed on a minor against the protests of his relatives, and that it was made with the aid of ether, although it was known that the patient suffered from heart trouble. Several prominent New York physicians had refused to perform the operation.

Congress of Charities.

Chicago, June 15.—This morning's session of the main branch of the World's Congress of Charities was devoted to the clearing up of routine business. In the pauper section Prof. McCook of Trinity College, Connecticut, A. L. Wright of Wisconsin and Gen. Brinkerhoff of Ohio talked about tramps and their characteristics. In the children's department the delegates exchanged experiences concerning the best methods of restraining and training dependent and delinquent children. In the hospital department Drs. Worthington and La Forte of Paris, Dr. Strumpff of Amsterdam and several American physicians told of the different methods of nursing in their respective countries. In the insane department Dr. Clarke of the Kingston, Ont., asylum, Dr. A. C. Clark of the Glasgow, Scotland, asylum, and Dr. Clouston, of the Royal Edinburgh asylum gave short sketches of the systems in vogue in those institutions. In the feeble-minded children's section, Drs. Littsted of Norway, Jones of England and Keller of Copenhagen spoke upon the organization and methods of training in European institutions for feeble-minded children. A general meeting of the order of King's Daughters and Sons was held this morning in one of the large halls of the Art Institute.

Married at Death's Door.

St. Louis, Mo., June 15.—Miss Nina Valentine, a pretty girl of 18, accompanied by her mother, applied for a license to-day to marry Cal. Belhart, a young man who is dying at St. Mary's infirmary. He was run over yesterday, and when the physicians gave his case as hopeless he expressed a desire to be married before his death. Miss Valentine was informed that as she was a minor her father's consent was required. Mr. Valentine's consent was given and to-night the lovers were married. The bride is sitting at her husband's bedside.

Deutschland's Day.

Chicago, June 15.—German day was celebrated at the World's Fair to-day on an elaborate scale. Up to noon over 100,000 persons had entered the gates, and it is expected that fully a quarter of a million will pass in before night. Over 25,000 German-Americans took part in the parade that preceded the exercises. Over 40 magnificent floats were in line. The exercises proper took place in front of the German building, where a large platform had been erected. Around this were grouped all the flags and banners of the societies participating. The children of the chorus were dressed in white, decorated with stripes and stars, while the ladies' chorus was attired in black, white and red, to represent the German flag. The programme was principally musical. Speeches were delivered by Hon. Carl Schurz, who delivered a greeting from German-America to Germany, Herr Wermuth, German commissioner to the Fair, and Gov. Altgeld. This evening there will be fireworks and various national amusements.

ENTHUSIASTIC LIBERALS.

Preparations for a Great Meeting—Bate for Reform Club President.

Ottawa, June 15.—The Reform Club will hold its first meeting to-night. It is likely that H. A. Bate will be made president.

The arrangements for the Liberal convention are nearly all made. In point of attendance and enthusiasm it will exceed the expectations of all concerned.

Sutherland will arrive on Sunday morning and Laurier on Monday.

Mr. Ross, M. P. for Lisgar, arrived to-day. He is here about the governorship of Manitoba. There will be no appointment until Sir John Thompson's return from Paris. Mr. Ross had a trip through the Kootenay district recently and speaks highly of mining movements there.

Lady Derby has a letter in this morning's Citizen stating that she has asked the Duke of York to express preference for a number of articles suggested for a royal wedding gift.

PRINCE VERSUS PEOPLE.

The Great Struggle at the Polls To-Day in Germany.

Berlin, June 15.—The greatest constitutional struggle that the new German empire has known is in progress to-day. It is the people vs. the Kaiser and his army bill, and the former are rendering their verdict at the ballot box. Although the campaign has lasted only a month, all parties have worked as they have never worked before. The Socialists alone have nominated 120 candidates. The government has maintained a gigantic press bureau, which has not only newspapers in the empire, but has deluged the country with literature on the army bill in the shape of leaflets, tracts and pamphlets.

No less than fourteen parties have candidates in the field, and although there has been a vast amount of platform speaking, most of the canvassing has been carried on under cover. The army bill, upon which the emperor has set his fortunes, and which was defeated in the reichstag last month by a majority of 48, calls for an appropriation in one lump of $16,000,000, and for $15,000,000 more, annually, for a number of years, and also for an increase of 80,000 in the standing army. This would place the peace footing of the German army at half a million a year for the next six years.

The seriousness of the situation cannot be over-estimated, and the whole of Europe is anxiously awaiting the result of to-day's election. The government is exceedingly anxious to learn its exact strength as quickly as possible, and all candidates not elected by a majority to-day must again be balloted for within five days.

Queen Margarheta's Laces Stolen.

Chicago, June 15.—The World's Fair was open on Sunday and the attendance was larger than on the previous Sunday. The startling discovery was made that the valuable laces exhibited by Queen Margarheta of Italy were missing. The art of making this lace was lost in the troublous time of Italian history, and was only recently rediscovered by one of the ladies attached to Queen Margarheta's court. So much value is placed on the lace that the World's Fair management entered into bonds for $100,000 for its safe keeping.

Quarrelled, then Cried.

Topeka, Kan., June 15.—Populist women held a state convention here to organize a woman's suffrage association and quarrelled. Mrs. Eva Harding wanted to be president. The women tried to "pack" the convention and elect Mrs. Anna Diggs. This angered the friends of Mrs. Lease, Mrs. Diggs' mortal foe, who went to Mrs. Harding. The wife of ex-Congressman Otis led the Diggs faction. On the first ballot Mrs. Harding led, but there was no election. Votes had been cast for Mrs. Otis and she was asked to withdraw. She refused, and then Mrs. Harding and her gang withdrew, held an indignation meeting and had a good cry. The convention then elected Mrs. Otis president. The bolters may organize an independent association.

Sunday Closing at the Fair.

Chicago, June 15.—The attorneys for the World's Columbian exhibition gained an important point to-day before Judge Grosscup, in the United States district court. They asked permission to amend their answer which will be argued before the United States court of appeals to-morrow, by striking out the words "repugnance to the constitution of the United States." Counsel for the Government opposed the appeal on the grounds that the case in point had been appealed several days ago, and any modification of the plea set up affecting the constitutionality of the issues involved could hardly obtain at this time. The court, however, granted the motion and authorized the amendment on this identical point. It was the intention of the district attorney to move a dismissal of the case when it comes up for hearing to-morrow. The clause, it would have been contended, made the case for the United States supreme court and not the United States court of appeals to decide. On this construction the exposition management, after the latter court has passed on the case, will still have recourse to the former tribunal. Argument will be begun on the case to-morrow.

Our wines are indorsed by physicians and chemists for purity. California Wine Company, Limited, Nos. 55 and 57 Broad street.

SEALING TRIBUNAL

Sir Richard Webster on American Arguments.

COUDERT INDULGED IN EXAGGERATION

No Pups Die Consequent on Loss of Their Mothers.

Sage and Gould Want to Lease the Old Great Western Railway—The Panama Canal Schemers Released From Prison—Excitement in Paris Over the Affair.

Paris, June 15.—Sir Richard Webster, of counsel for Great Britain, today continued his argument before the Behring Sea tribunal of arbitration. In the course of his address he protested against the assertion that killing of seals was a crime, per se. He declared that the language used by F. R. Coudert, of the counsel for the United States, in his speech to the court regarding the slaughter of female seals, and certain other contentions of American counsel, were exaggerated. Sir Richard maintained that no pup seals died on Pribyloff islands from starvation owing to their mothers being killed at sea. Neither the government agents nor the Alaska Commercial Company's agents had testified to any abnormal increase in the deaths of pup seals between 1884 and 1890, as the Americans declared had been the case.

PANAMA SCANDAL.

Quashing of the Indictments and Liberation of the Prisoners.

Paris, June 15.—Considerable excitement has been caused by the decision of the court of cassation on the appeal of Charles de Lesseps and other defendants, convicted of fraud in connection with the Panama Canal Co. The court handed down a decision to-day quashing the sentences on the grounds that the statute of limitations covered the offenses charged, and that the indictment on which the prisoners were tried was irregular.

In consequence of this decision M. Eiffel was at once liberated from prison. Charles de Leseps, who is in St. Louis hospital suffering from an acute attack of dyspepsia, was informed that he was at liberty, but he was too ill to leave the hospital.

The five defendants were convicted in the trial which ended on Feb. 9th last. They were Ferdinand de Lesseps, his son Charles, Marius Fontaine, Henri Cottu and Gustave Eiffel. Ferdinand de Lesseps was sentenced to five years' imprisonment and to pay a fine of 3,000 francs; Charles de Lesseps, five years' imprisonment and 3,000 fr; Marius Fontaine, two years' imprisonment and 3,000 fr; Henri Cottu, two years' imprisonment and 3,000 fr; Eiffel, two years' imprisonment and 20,000 fr. Ferdinand de Lesseps, who is very old, was not imprisoned, but the others were taken to jail.

The prisoners appealed from the sentences on the grounds that the acts alleged to have been of a criminal character were committed three years before proceedings against them had been instituted, and that the lapse of time under the law of prescriptions relieved the defendants from liability to punishment. The decision of the court sustains the contention of the appellants, and, aside from the defective indictment, declares they are entitled to be liberated; and thus ends one of the greatest criminal cases ever known in France.

Leasing the Grand Trunk.

New York, June 15.—Concerning the report that Russell Sage and George Gould intend buying the Grand Trunk road, Mr. Sage said this morning: "All it amounts to is this: Recently there has been some talk of our leasing the Grand Trunk line from Suspension Bridge to Detroit, to connect with the Wabash. We have a line from Detroit to Chicago and could utilize this additional road. Negotiations have not been advanced to a point of naming terms; in fact nothing whatever came out of it except speculation, which we have nothing to do with. If we added this line to our system, provision would be made to allow the Canadian Pacific line and any other line to use it on equal terms. There is no intention to interfere with or antagonize the Canadian Pacific, the New York Central, or any other road's system; on the contrary, special effort would be made to harmonize all interests."

Failure of a Kansas Bank.

Kansas City, Mo., June 15.—The First National Bank of this city, one of the oldest, and generally believed to be one of the strongest financial institutions in the southwest, failed to open its doors this morning.

Swedish Lutheran Conference.

Rock Island, Ills., June 15.—Bishop K. H. Gezvonschel, D. D., Ph. D., special envoy of the King of Sweden to the Swedish Lutheran synod, in session here, left this evening for an extended trip to the Pacific coast. The bishop is accompanied by a small party of clergy. The synod requested the bishop to use his influence in hindering the work of the Mormon missionaries in Sweden. A new bishop was appointed to present a draft reducing the representation and placed the election in the hands of the conference.

Yellow Fever Quarantined.

Madrid, June 15.—The port of Santander has subjected the Spanish mail steamer Maria Christina, just in from Cuba with a case of yellow fever aboard, to two weeks' quarantine. All fresh arrivals are quarantined with the utmost vigor.

Perfect Fitting
blouse waists at Russell & McDonald's.

BEHRING SEA ARBITRATION.

Argument as to the Reading of "Untrustworthy" Elliott's Report.

Paris, June 14.—Sir Richard Webster to-day announced his intention to read to the court the report of the debate in congress in Washington in regard to the appointment of Mr. H. W. Elliott, who was sent by the government of the United States to examine into the methods of sealing and other matters connected with the sealing industry at the Pribyloff Islands and in Behring Sea. This report, Sir Richard added, he had just received.

Mr. James Carter, of counsel for the United States, at once demurred to the reading of the report.

Mr. E. J. Phelps, also of American counsel, said he would waive objection to the reading provided that the Americans were also privileged to introduce new evidence, which he held the reading of the report to be. If, he contended, the value of Mr. Elliott's studies of seal life and the sealing industry was to be judged by the tribunal, let it be judged by the evidence to be submitted by both sides of the case.

After a short interval the arbitrators surrounded Baron de Courcel, the president of the tribunal, and conferred regarding the reading of the report. In the meantime Mr. Phelps and Sir Richard conversed. Sir Richard eventually announced that he and Mr. Phelps had arranged that the report should not be read. The arbitrators then resumed their seats and Sir Richard took up again the thread of his argument. He dilated upon the habits of female and pup seals with a view to proving that it was needless that the protected zone within which seals should not be captured should exceed a distance of 20 miles from the land.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

Daily Chronicle of Events in The Great Republic.

Chicago, June 14.—The convention of the International Printers' Union, by an overwhelming vote, to-day rejected the innovations proposed by Delegate Tudhope of Grand Forks, S. D., regarding apprentices and foremen. The convention declined to make any change in the basis of representation for allied crafts, stereotypers, mailers and pressmen. The plan for the institution of a loan system for the relief of travelling printers was also voted down. The question of creating an international fund of not less than $5 per month was referred to the subordinate unions. Similar action was taken regarding the question of paying death benefits.

Washington, June 14.—The commissioners of the District of Columbia decided this afternoon to order a new inquest over the bodies of the Ford's theatre disaster victims, and directed Mr. Thomas, attorney for the district, to assist Coroner Patterson in conducting it. An inquest was ordered on the bodies of Mrs. Loftus and Fagan, two of the victims. One of the bodies at Glenwood will be viewed by the jury tomorrow and the inquest begun anew.

Washington, June 14.—Officials at the state department are of opinion that the arguments of counsel before the Behring Sea arbitration commission will be concluded within the next ten days, and that with the exception of General Agent Foster, all the officers connected with the preparation and presentation of the American case will then return to the United States. It is also expected that the decision of the arbitration will be announced by Aug. 1.

Knoxville, June 15.—Sam Walker, a constable of this place, was arrested tonight, charged with murder. Mr. Louis Cummings, who was arrested last Friday, charged with the murder of her step-son, aged 10, to-day confessed that she and Walker had been discovered in a compromising position by the boy, and in order to shield themselves killed the child.

Philadelphia, June 15.—A sequel to the alleged elopement of Dr. C. Giles with the wife of Dr. Barlos of Brooklyn, came this morning, when Dr. Giles was arraigned on a charge of failing to support his wife. Mrs. Giles is now at the home of a relative at Coatesville, Pa., and is very poor. Dr. Giles had nothing to say and was held in bail to answer the charge of desertion. He is staying with his father, Rev. D. Giles, pastor of the First Unitarian church.

New York, June 15.—When the Infanta Eulalia returns to this city she will no longer be the guest of the nation; henceforth she will travel incognito and will pass under the title of Duchess of Montpensier. She will be the guest of Juan de Cabelleros. Mr. Cabelleros is president of the Cyclo-Colon-Cervantes. The remainder of her visit in this country is as yet indefinite, but it may extend over several weeks. There will be no official welcome or reception when the Infanta arrives.

St. Paul, Minn., June 15.—The congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution has been given up on account of the illness in the family of Mrs. Wm. Cabell of Washington, who was to have presided over the deliberations. The wife of Vice-President Stevenson has found that it would be impossible to be present, and that is another reason for giving up the congress, which was to have been held here on June 20th.

Chicago, June 15.—The Sons and Daughters of the Hoosier state turned out in force to-day at the dedication of Indiana's building. Excursions were run on all the Indiana roads to the city and brought great crowds of Hoosiers to town. The exercises were simple but impressive and were interspersed with musical selections. Gov. Matthews, who was attended by his staff, received the key from President Studebaker, of the state commission, and in a neat address turned them over to Director General George R. Davis.

Chicago, June 15.—To-day is the 57th aniversary of the admission of the state of Arkansas to the union, and it was observed at the World's Fair this afternoon by the dedication of the state building. A large number of residents of the state and of its former sons and daughters now living in this city participated in the exercises.

Chicago, June 15.—All the arrangements have been made for the formal dedication on Saturday of the great Ferris wheel at the World's Fair. Ten thousand invitations have been issued to prominent persons throughout the country. Large delegations of civil engineers and of others interested in engineering leave Pittsburg and other places to-day to participate in the affair.

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

News in Brief From Various Parts of the World.

Auckland, N. Z., June 14.—Advices received from Samoa to-day announce that Malietoa, still refusing to compromise with his rival, has directed the government forces to advance and enforce Mataafa's submission to him. War is believed to be inevitable. Mataafa is very popular and has numerous devoted adherents.

London, June 15.—There have been four deaths from choleraic causes at Cette, in France, since Friday. At Mecca, in Arabia, during the same period, there were 155 deaths from cholera.

Berlin, June 14.—More riots are reported from Funfkirchen and dozens of women and children have been injured in encounters. The ringleaders in the riots have been imprisoned.

Vienna, June 14.—Newspapers report that the czar intends to promulgate a ukase on Jan. 1, abolishing deportation to Siberia, and extending the same judicial procedure which obtains in Russia proper to Siberia, with the exception of trial by jury.

St. Petersburg, June 14.—An Imperial law has been enacted to provide for the more severe punishment of sealing poachers in Behring Sea. Hereafter all persons, Russian or foreign, if caught sealing in Russian waters, will be liable to sixteen months' imprisonment and the confiscation of their vessels, together with their cargo and tackle.

Sofia, June 14.—Prince Ferdinand and his bride entered this city in state on Sunday. The pomp and glitter of the pageant was not approached before in Bulgarian history. The crowds were packed densely almost to the carriage wheels and cheered constantly for the princess, who appeared in Bulgarian national costume.

Paris, June 14.—The condition of President Carnot, who is suffering from a liver complaint, shows no improvement to-day. Dr. Potan and Dr. Planchon, who are in attendance upon him, are firm in their insistence that he throw aside the cares of office and take a rest to allow his system to recuperate. M. Carnot has agreed to follow their advice.

Berlin, June 15.—Strangely enough, is likely to prove one of the most memorable constitutional struggles in the history of United Germany comes upon the fifth anniversary of the death of Frederick III., and the consequent accession of Emperor William II. to the throne. This day has ever since been observed by the royal family remaining in strict seclusion. This is being done to-day, only the emperor will receive bulletins and reports of the progress of the balloting throughout the empire.

Paris, June 14.—James Gordon Bennett continues to improve. He sleeps fairly well and was able to pay slight attention to his correspondence to-day. The complications usually feared in similar cases are absent. The physicians hope that the patient will not be compelled to keep his bed more than a month longer.

London, June 14.—A correspondent at Rome has telegraphed that the latest allocution of the Pope is an energetic discourse on the situation in Italy and the general policy of the Vatican. The Vatican encyclical pooh-poohs the utterances of the Corriere di Napoli in regard to Monsignor Satolli and the American clergy and other stories of a similar nature which have been published.

Hamburg, June 14.—The senate, to prevent the introduction of cholera, has issued a notice to the police to strictly enforce the ordinance prohibiting the entry of Russian emigrants, either by land or water, even though they are duly furnished with money. First-class saloon passengers with tickets for the United States are not affected by the ordinance.

London, June 14.—A correspondent in Rome telegraphed this evening that the Pope has given a long audience to Dr. McGlynn. It was very cordial. Cardinal Rampolla, papal secretary of state, and Cardinal Ledochowski, prefect of the propaganda, were extremely courteous to the doctor. Dr. McGlynn was enchanted with his reception and his complete reconciliation with the Pope, and left to-night after a five days' sojourn at Rome.

Catholics and the Fair.

New York, June 14.—The World yesterday published an authorized interview with Cardinal Gibbons in regard to the proposed closing of the World's Fair on Sunday. Cardinal Gibbons is quoted as saying: "We believe the Lord's day to be not only a day of rest and religious observance, but a day on which innocent recreation is allowable. If a visit to the Fair came within that limit, the opening of the Fair to provide innocent recreation on Sunday afternoons cannot be considered a desecration of that day. Having performed the religious duties required of them in the morning, our Catholic people are then free to spend the day in such recreation as becomes Sunday. These and other reasons lead me to believe that the Fair should be open on Sunday afternoon, and that more evil will result from Sunday closing than opening."

The Velocipede's Vogue.

In England 130,000 velocipedes are turned out annually. In Coventry 15,000 workmen are employed in the business. In France, where the machine first appeared, its use was limited through prejudice; people laughed at it. Now there is an army of 300,000 proprietary wheelmen in that country, without counting the immense number of amateurs who hire machines. In 1892 the Paris police authorities issued 12,000 licenses to wheelmen; now the number of velocipedists is estimated at something over 30,000. In 1892-93, 60,000 machines were sold and it is believed that at least one-half of them are used in that city alone.

Life of a Very Rich Woman.

A lady whose name is very seldom mentioned in connection with any social events is Mrs. John J. Rockefeller, wife of the Standard oil king. She is a modest, quiet, unassuming woman, devoted to her home and family. Her home is directly opposite St. Luke's hospital, and the inmates of that place know her better, perhaps, than the habitues of Fifth avenue. Two or three times a week she visits the hospital, carries flowers and delicacies, and in other ways tries to bring sunshine into the lives of the poor unfortunates. Mrs. Rockefeller is her own housekeeper and keeps a set of books, in which every cent expended is accounted for. Her three daughters were educated at Vassar college, and the eldest one spent her allowance in defraying the expenses of a girl from the country who was working her way through the school. The Rockefellers are members of the Fifth avenue Baptist church and are very regular in their attendance. At home there are always family prayers, morning and night.—Brooklyn Citizen.

Bismarck on Artillery.

Berlin, June 14.—Prince Bismarck has, in an interview, come out in favor of an increase in the defensive strength of the empire, but not on the lines laid down by the Government in the army bill. Conversing to-day with Professor Kahl, who was visiting the ex-chancellor at Friedrichsruhe, Prince Bismarck declared that an increase of the army was necessary. He differed from the Government, however, as to how the increase should be made. He did not approve of adding to the infantry or cavalry strength of the army, but maintained that the increase should be made to the artillery forces, which, he declared, would decide the battles of the future. With regard to the increased expense that would follow the increase of the army, Prince Bismarck said that Germany was fully able to bear the added cost that would be entailed by adding to her military strength.

The Question of Religion.

London, June 14.—In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Vicary Gibbs, Conservative member for the St. Alban's division of Hertfordshire, moved the adoption of an amendment to the Home Rule bill restraining the Irish Legislature from imposing disabilities or conferring privileges upon any institution owned or conducted by any religious sect. The Government was not willing to accept the amendment, and several Liberal and Irish speakers protested against it being incorporated in the bill. The Conservative and Liberal-Unionist speakers of course were strongly in favor of the amendment, and in their speeches took no pains to hide their suspicions that Ireland or the Irish Legislature would, under the provisions of the bill, be under the control of the Roman Catholic hierarchy.

Mr. Sexton protested that the restriction embodied in Mr. Gibbs' amendment would not be tolerated in any civilized country. He declared that the amendment was an implication that the Irish Parliament, when established, could not be trusted. When the question of incorporating the amendment into the bill was put to a vote, the House rejected it without a division.

The wines sold by us are pleasing to all and contain nothing injurious. California Wine Company, 55 and 57 Broad street.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itchin and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. tts&w

Tamilkande Tea is the best.

MEDICAL.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS' TESTING. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by Ignorance or youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. jan21-1y

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PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Prompt, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

For sale b LANGLEY & CO., Victoria. mneo17 1y.

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

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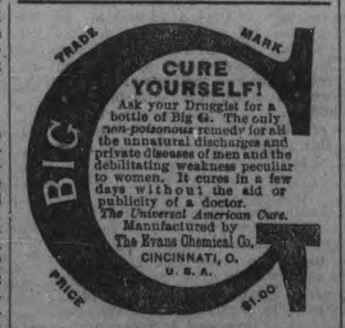
TRADE
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CURE YOURSELF!
Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor.
The Universal American Cure.
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U. S. A.
PRICE
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KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.
DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE
DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.
A safeguard against infectious diseases.
Sold by chemists throughout the world.
W.G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.
LANGLEY & CO., Victoria,
Agents for B. C.
6meod

A luxury of luxures-Tamilkande Teai

BY-LAW NO. 195.

A BY-LAW

WHEREAS it is expedient to borrow the sum of $85,000 for educational purposes;

And whereas, for the purpose aforesaid, it is intended to raise, by way of loan upon the credit of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, the sum of $85,000;

And whereas it will require the sum of $4,580 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest;

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1892, is $18,749,126;

And whereas it will require an annual rate of one-quarter of a mill in the dollar for paying the new debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law may not be altered or repealed, except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council;

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

1.—It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow, upon the credit of the said Corporation, by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum or money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $85,000, currency or sterling money, at the rate of 4.86 2-3 dollars to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation, for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

2.—It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued for such sums as may be required, not exceeding, however, the sum of $85,000, either in currency or sterling money (at the rate of 4.86 2-3 dollars to the one pound sterling), as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid, and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof.

3.—The said debentures shall bear date the 3rd day of July, 1893, and shall be made payable in fifty years from the said date, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signatures to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed, or lithographed.

4.—The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debenture and coupon.

5.—It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and the interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

6.—For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency there shall be raised annually the sum of $3,825, and for the purpose of the sum of $3,825, and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity, there shall be raised annually the sum of $755.

7.—For the purpose of payment of the said sums in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of one-quarter of one mill in the dollar on all ratable land and improvements in the City of Victoria, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

8.—This by-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation, in the manner provided for in the "Municipal Act, 1892," and the amendment thereto, and shall take effect on the 3rd day of July, 1893.

9.—This by-law may be cited as the "Educational Loan By-Law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council on the 15th of May, 1893.

Received the assent of the electors the 1st day of June, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council the 5th day of June, 1893.

(L.S.) ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 5th day of June, A.D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

je9

E. E. WELCH,

Accountant and General Collector.

Books posted and balanced. Incomes collected. Offices: 10 and 11 Bank of B. C. Building, Government St. ma1-3m

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NOTICE.

I will notbe responsible for any debts contracted on and after this date without my written order. JAMES RAMSAY.

Victoria, June 12, 1893.

PAISLEY DYE WORKS,

116 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.

Dyeing Scouring and Repairing Ladies' and Gents' Wear, Curtains, Silks, Ostrich Feathers and Fancy Dyeing. Steam Finishing. Cleaning Cricket, Athletic Suits and Gloves a Specialty. JAMES ALLISON, Prop.

Drop us a Postal Card and we will attend to it promptly. m29-1m

A BY-LAW

Relating to the Building of a Sidewalk on the South Side of Oak Bay Avenue, in the City of Victoria, being a Local Improvement Proposed to be Made by the Corporation of Victoria.

WHEREAS the Corporation of the City of Victoria have by resolution determined to build a sidewalk on the south side of Oak Bay avenue from Cadboro Bay road to the City boundary;

And whereas the building of the said sidewalk is a local improvement;

And whereas under and by virtue of the Municipal Act, 1892, the Council of the said Corporation have duly passed the said Local Improvement By-Law, 1892, being a by-law to provide for the assessment of real property benefitted by local improvements;

And whereas, in pursuance of Sections 4 and 5 of the said Local Improvement By-Law, 1892, the City Engineer and Assessor have made their report as thereby required, which report has been submitted to and has been approved and adopted by the said Council;

And whereas it has been ascertained and determined that the real property hereinafter set forth, referred to in schedule "D" in the said report, will be immediately benefitted by such proposed improvement; and whereas the sum of $969.23 is the amount of the costs of the said proposed improvement;

And whereas under and by virtue of Sections 273 and 274 of the Municipal Act, 1892, and of Section 18 of the said Local Improvement By-Law, 1892, the said Council are authorized to proceed with the proposed improvement under such terms and conditions as to the payment of the cost of such improvement as the Council may by by-law in that behalf regulate and determine;

And whereas the said Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria are desirous of passing a by-law for the purposes mentioned;

THERFFORE BE IT ENACTED by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

1.—That the said report and plan be adopted, and that the proposed improvement in building a sidewalk along the south side of Oak Bay avenue from Cadboro Bay road to the City boundary, be made and carried out in accordance therewith.

2.—That the real property which is immediately benefitted by the said improvement shall be that which is particularly mentioned and described in Sub-section "D" of the said recited report as therein appears, which is as follows:—

Sub-Section D, showing the proportion in which the assessment is to be made on the various lots benefited:

Lot.	Block.	Feet frontage	Rate per foot	Amount		Remarks
1	1 Fernwood	50½	20c	10	10	Cadboro & Oak bays
1	J Sec. 74	48.8	20c	9	73	McGregor & Oak B
2	do	55.4	20c	11	07	do
3	do	55.5	20c	11	08	Terrace & Oak bay
4	J Sec 74	53.6	20c	11	10	do do
5	do	55.4	20c	11	07	do
6	do	55.4	20c	11	07	do
7	H S c 74	65	20c	13	00	do
6	do	65	20c	13	00	do
5	do	60	20c	12	00	do
4	do	60	20c	12	00	do
3	do	60	20c	12	00	do
2	do	60	20c	12	00	do
1	do	60	20c	12	00	Belcher & Oak bay
2 of 1	1 Sec 74	57	20c	11	40	do do
1 of 1	do	57	20c	11	40	do do
1 of 2	do	47	20c	9	40	do do
2 of 2	do	47	20c	9	40	Cross and Oak Bay
3 of 3	do	47	20c	9	40	do do
4 of 3	do	47	20c	9	40	do do
4	do	114	20c	22	80	Richmond & Oak B
1	2 Sec 74	113.5	20c	22	68	do do
1 of 2	do	46.10	20c	9	37	do do
2 of 2	do	46.10	20c	9	37	Calder & Oak Bay
13—3	do	46.10	20c	9	37	do do
14—3	do	46.10	20c	9	37	do do
4	do	114	20c	22	80	Clare and Oak Bay
1	3 Sec 74	59.11	20c	12	00	Clare and Oak Bay
2	do	59.11	20c	12	00	do do
13	do	59.11	20c	12	00	do do
14	do	59.11	20c	12	00	Wilson and Oak B
25	do	59.11	20c	12	00	do do
26	do	59.11	20c	12	00	do do
37	do	59.11	20c	12	00	do do
38	do	59.11	20c	12	00	Davie and Oak Bay
1	5 Sec 74	68	20c	12	00	do do
2	do	60	20c	12	00	do do
24	do	60	20c	12	00	do do
23	do	60	20c	12	00	Hulton and Oak B.
26	do	60	20c	12	00	do do
25	do	60	20c	12	00	do do
48	do	60	20c	12	00	do do
47	do	60	20c	12	00	Amphion and O B.
49	do	60	20c	12	00	do do
50	do	80.9	20c	16	15	do do
2	1 Fernwood	80½	20c	16	10	Foul Bay and O. B. Cadboro B and O.B
31	do	60	20c	12	06	do do
30	do	50	20c	10	00	do do
29	do	50	20c	10	00	do do
28	do	50	20c	10	00	do do
27	do	50	20c	10	00	Morrison and O. B.
22	do	60	20c	12	00	do do
19	2 Fernwood	67½	20c	13	50	Belcher and Oak B
20	do	67½	20c	13	50	do do
21	3 Fernwood	67½	20c	13	50	Jubilee and Oak B
22	do	67½	20c	13	50	do do
16	4-5 Fnwood	67½	20c	13	50	Richmond and O B
34	do	67½	20c	13	50	do do
53	do	67½	20c	13	50	Bank st and Oak B
75	do	67½	20c	13	50	do do
	6 Fernwood	330	20c	66	00	do
	Part 7, Fwood	135	20c	27	00	Dudley & Oak Bay
14—3	7-9 Fnwood	67½	20c	13	50	do do
13—3	do	67½	20c	13	50	do do
12—3	do	56½	20c	11	30	do do
11—3	do	56½	20c	11	30	Hulton & Oak Bay
14—2	do	56½	20c	11	30	do do
13—2	do	56½	20c	11	30	do do
12—2	do	56½	20c	11	30	do do
11—2	do	56½	20c	11	30	Amphion & Oak B
14—1	do	57½	20c	11	45	do do
13—1	do	57½	20c	11	45	do do
12—1	do	57½	20c	11	45	do do
11—1	do	57½	20c	11	45	Foul Bay & Oak B
Total cost.....						$969 23

3.—That the shares and proportions in which the estimated cost of making the said proposed improvement shall be assessed on the various portions of the real property benefitted thereby as mentioned and set out in the said Sub-section "D" of the said report, and the said real property and portions of real property therein mentioned are therey assessed accordingly with the payment of the said amount set opposite each said portion of real property in the said Sub-section "D" mentioned.

4.—The amount of the said special rate assessed as aforesaid against each lot or part of lot respectively shall be levied and collected and be paid on or before the 3rd day of July, 1893, and in default thereof shall bear interest from and after such date at the rate of six per cent. per annum until paid, and may be recovered together with all costs in that behalf forthwith after default by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the person liable for such rate or by sale of the whole or a part of the real property so charged, but in the event of any sale of real property or any part thereof 10 days' notice thereof published daily in one newspaper circulating in the municipality shall be given.

5.—This By-Law may be cited as "The Oak Bay Avenue Improvement Assessment By-Law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council the fifteenth day of May, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council the first day of June, 1893.

(L.S.) ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the first day of June, A.D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 18.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Monday, May 1st, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.

Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Fridays, Sundays & Sundays.
		Ar. 12.24 P M	Ar. 8.00 P M
		" 12.20	" 7.56
		12.10	7.48
		11.45 A M	7.28
		11.10	6.50
		10.50	6.37
		10.40	6.25
		10.27	6.15
		10.15	6.00
		9.58	5.50
		9.45	5.38
		9.15	5.15
		Dp. 9.00	4.45
		Ar. 8.55	Dp. 4.40
	VICTORIA	Dp. 8.10	Dp.
4	RUSSELL'S		
8	ESQUIMALT		
11	GOLDSTREAM		
16	SUMMIT SIDING		
20	SHAWNIGAN LAKE		
25	COBBLE HILL		
31	KOKSILAH		
36	DUNCANS		
43	SOMENOS		
50	CHEMAINUS		
59	OYSTER BAY SIDING		
73	NANAIMO ... Ar.		
73	" ... Dp.		
	WELLINGTON ... Ar.		

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.

Miles from Victoria.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Fridays, Sundays & Sundays.
	Dp. 8.00 A M	Dp. 3.00 P M
1	" 8.04	" 3.08
4	" 8.14	" 3.18
11	" 8.34	" 3.38
16	" 8.45	" 3.50
20	" 9.34	" 4.27
25	" 9.41	" 4.34
31	" 9.57	" 4.50
36	" 10.09	" 5.04
43	" 10.22	" 5.17
50	" 10.38	" 5.33
59	" 11.00	" 5.49
73	Ar. 11.30	" 6.22
73	Dp. 11.50	Ar. 6.34
	Ar. 12.11 P M	Dp.

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 20,

Taking effect June 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 3 o'clock a.m.

Vanvouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 15:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, Passenger Agent.

Notice to the Public.

George Giles is no longer connected with the British Columbia Mercantile Agency.

J. E. CHURCH, Sole Owner and Manager.

May 23, 1893. 16 Broad Street.

m26-1m

Notice of Removal.

DR. GARROW has removed his office to Room 10, Five Sisters Block. Residence, 21 Queen's Avenue. m19-tf.

In the Matter of the Estate of Elizabeth Conway, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that probate of the will of the deceased having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to or having claims against the estate are to forthwith make payment or application for payment as the case may be, to the executors at the office of S. Perry Mills, 46 Langley street, Victoria, B.C.

Dated 15th May, 1893.

C. H. DICKIE, WILLIAM T. MARSHALL, Executors of the Estate of Elizabeth Conway, deceased. my16-1m

BOGUS MEDALS.

Many Americans Swindled Out of $10 by a Clever Parisian Rogue.

A swindling scheme which a clever Parisian has applied successfully to many American inventors has just been exposed by the authorities of the Franklin Institute, says the Philadelphia Record. From the office of an alleged "Parisian Inventors' Academy" in Paris, France, its "president," A. Boettcher, sent circulars broadcast among the inventors of the United States, informing them that they had been elected members of the academy, and with this of honor of the academy, and with this distinction went a "first-class diploma" and a "great gold medal." "This valuable title," naively announces the circular, "will be no expense to you, but if you are desirous to receive the medal and diploma you would have to send us a post money order of $10 to cover the admission taxes, freight, etc., and we shall send both well packed and free of charge to your address."

Among the Philadelphians who have been induced to send $10 for this bogus medal are Cyrus Chambers, president of the Bala and Merion Electric Company, and S. Lloyd Wiegand, the well known inventor. There are many others in this city who have secured the medals from Boettcher, several members of the Franklin Institute among the number. During the past year, Dr. Wahl says, there have been almost 100 inquiries recorded at the Institute concerning the academy from inventors who had received the medal.

The circular which lured the credulous inventors to invest their $10 each is gotten up with all the usual academic recommendations. The president of honor is E. de A. Des Masures, alleged to have been a mayor and a Knight of the Legion of Honor. Boettcher is the president director, and there is a long list of directors with imposing titles.

How these men, many of whom are of good standing, came to allow their names to be used as directors is inexplicable. The attention of the Institute was first drawn to this widespread swindling scheme by inquiries as to the standing of the "Parisian Inventors' Academy," and so numerous did these become that Dr. Wahl determined to make a crucial examination of the matter. He did so, and as a result he felt justified in issuing this open letter to American inventors:

"American inventors are hereby informed that Mr. Boettcher and his academy are frauds. There is the best official authority for the statement that Mr. Boettcher is engaged in the perpetration of a swindle; that his academy has no existence save on paper; that his diplomas and medals have absolutely no value and that his only visible means of support are the fees derived from credulous American inventors."

The information which led to the issue of this letter was obtained from Consul Voisson, who wrote to the department of agriculture and public works of Paris in behalf of the Institute and procured Boettcher's record. His "academy was shown to be a pure myth. Boettcher's method in sending out his circulars is supposed to have been to consult the recently recorded inventions in the Patent Office Official Gazette and spread his circulars broadcast among the inventors. Many had their vanity tickled and became easy victims. The medal was always sent when the $10 was forwarded, and is neat and pretty in design and skillfully gilded.

STREETS UNDER GLASS.

The Covering of the Principal London Thoroughfares Suggested.

The London Daily News says: A proposal to make London a glass-roofed city is the subject of a long letter addressed to us by J. Newton Mappin. Interesting as it is, we have not space for the whole of it. The plan, which will not be popular with the umbrella makers, resembles one in Mr. Bellamy's "Looking Backward." Mr. Mappin, however, does not treat the subject as part of a scheme for a future Utopia, but as one to be carried to a practical and successful issue. He says:

"The covering of Cheapside, Poultney, Queen Victoria street, Regent street, Bond street, or Oxford street with a glass roof may appear a Quixotic suggestion, but other at first sight less practicable schemes have been launched successfully, and the world has not ceased to revolve on its axis in consequence. The gain to the great British public, or to that section who are in the habit of travelling the main arteries of London, from a point of comfort alone should be sufficient to warrant a trial. Most people prefer brightness and beauty to dirt and discomfort. Nothing, to my mind, can have a more miserable and tawdry appearance than a leading London thoroughfare on a wet day, when poor, dripping humanity descends to the depths of despondency, and every object, animate and inanimate, has a washed-out appearance. A change from the condition of things would be delightful to all people concerned—those who would reside under glass, so to speak, and those who would use the thoroughfare for business purposes. The former would, of course, be called upon to bear the expense of improvement. If I say the outlay they would incur would be returned to them in a few years, owing to the increased flow of business to their doors—and to lessened expenditure upon paint and cleaning—I should be under the mark. Our wood and asphalt streets would be dry, perfectly safe in all weathers, and the lease of life doubled or trebled. If the rainwater were not preserved for domestic use it could be usefully applied in flushing the sewers with clean water instead of liquid mud. The health of the inhabitants would be greatly benefited by breathing a dry atmosphere instead of a damp, humid one. Our clothes, boots, hats and general comfort would not suffer as they do now."

Active at Ninety.

Among the distinguished citizens of Philadelphia past 90 years of age the Rev. Dr. Furness is one of the most remarkable of personages. He takes long walks like a boy without fatigue. He hears well, and can read at night, even in the cars without glasses. About the only evidence of age he experiences, and that does not bother him very much, is the familiar one of the loss of the sense of taste. "Won't you try some of this?" asked a lady not long ago at a dinner. "My dear madame," said the doctor, "it does not matter; everything on the table, the beef and the icecream, tastes just the same to me. Dr. Furness delights in the companionship of young people, and they all like him. He is one of the most entertaining and companionable of men, and nobody can tell a funny story like him.—Philadelphia Times.

Light for the Pariahs of India.

The pariahs of India have hitherto fared hardly at the hands of the state no less than at those of their fellows. But a new era seems about to dawn for them. Two orders recently published by the Madras Government at least recognizes that they have certain rights, and abolish some of the unjust laws which have in the past given the caste classes an undue privilege. The first order deals with the land question, and provides that all waste lands bought in by or forfeited to the government are the absolute property of the government, and are thus taken out of the power of the caste land holders, who have hitherto insisted on and been allowed a preferential claim. These lands are to be assigned in small lots to such pariahs as are able to cultivate them to advantage.

The pariahs are also to receive sites for pariah villages on the waste lands, and if the caste people raise a lawsuit to get possession of any sites so assigned, the government is to be represented in the suit for the protection of the pariahs. Slavery is not merely abolished theoretically, as it was in previous enactments; it will now be hard to introduce it practically. The government declares that by the existing law all bonds executed by parents, mortgaging their children's labor for an advance of money are null and void, and invite the co-operation of missionaries to report and expose all cases where the law is evaded.—Westminster Gazette.

COLOR PHOTOGRAPHS.

Some Wonderful Results Achieved by the Lappman Process.

M. Berget, of the laboratory staff in the department of physical research at the Sorbonne, has recently submitted at a meeting of the Photo Club of Paris some landscape negatives in color which the Messrs. Lumiers have obtained by the method of Lippman. After many experiments the Lumiers have succeeded in making gelatine-brumure plates that retain their sensitiveness long enough, and are of a texture sufficiently delicate, to permit the reproduction of colors, so that it was possible at the meeting of the society to see the marvellous results which these photographers have obtained.

The pictures that you behold in these negatives are like aquarelles. Here is a cluster of flowers; roses, violets, jessmins appear in their proper colors, their real colors, with all their infinite delicacy of multiple and various tones. Here, again, is a bit of park scenery with a sky of exactly rendered blue, with gravelled pathways which one distinguishes with perfect clearness from the earth graded for the green sward; here is a ravishing little cottage, all bathed in sunshine—and what sunshine!—and here a vista under the trees, the lights deliciously distributed, and the whole view giving the sensation of nature itself.

"Next was shown the photographic reproduction of a series of chromo-lithographs whose crude colors you see on the boxes of wax matches in daily use. Here is the Marshal Soult, or the figure called, who is depicted with his "frigate" hat, surmounted with a plume of superb white; that tone of white," says M. Berget, "the production of which is the culmination of our color photography.' Here are colored photographs of colored caricatures, of the staring posters you have seen so many times on the walls that you recognize the familiar hues when the negative is exhibited under the oxy-dydrogen light. There was also shown a color photograph of a Japanese screen, with the exotic coloring peculiar to that sort of painting.

M. Berget gave on this subject the following explanations: "Color photography has certainly just made a great step forward. The problem of to-day is settled, for we have now films equally sensitive to all the colors. Observe the blues and the whites in the landscapes which have been shown us. In ordinary photographs the sky is, as you know, of crude white; it is said to be solarized. In the new photographs the sky comes out with its own true blue. As to that white, which is the resultant of all the simple colors in combination, it is admirably reproduced by the new films because they are sensitive to all the simple colors alike. It must be said, however, that it still remains to accelerate the time of exposure, which is now from 25 to 30 minutes, while at first it exceeded an hour. It would be difficult to find a person obliging enough or anxious enough to have his picture taken in colors, to remain motionless for a half hour in the bright sunlight. Another desideratum: Every color photograph now taken is unique, as was formerly the case by the dauguerrotype process. We need to discover a method of making color prints on paper."

His Cash Was Short.

Treasurer Nebeker, of the United States, when he turned his office over to Treasurer Morgan June 1st, was just $1055 out of pocket, that amount having been lost or stolen from the treasury cash. The money was all lost in the redemption division of the treasurer's office at three different times, and all since the 4th of last March. About the latter part of March a package of 11 $1000 bills was sent from a western bank for redemption. It duly arrived, was receipted for, and was sent to the redemption to be counted. It was found to be correct. The package was then fastened up in paper, as usual, and delivered to the clerk, who put it under the big knife and cut it in half. One-half of the package was sent to the register's office and the other retained in the treasurer's office. When the package reached the register's office it was found to contain only 10 $1000 half bills. A $1000 note had disappeared. The other losses which have occrrred within the last two weeks were a $50 note and a $5 note all of them disappearing in the redemption division of the treasure's office. The losses were reported to Mr. Drummond, chief of the secret service of the treasury department, but he has been unable to discover how the money disappeared. In default of finding the thief Treasurer Nebeker was forced to make good the deficit.

Jubilating Scandinavians.

Rock Island, Ills., June 9.—A Swedish Lutheran demonstration is in progress here to-day. It is largely in honor of Bishop von Scheele, the distinguished Scandinavian divine, who is in this country as the representative of King Oscar of Sweden and Norway, and the jubilee celebrations that have been going on in different parts of the country are in commemoration of the 300th anniversary of the Upsala council. Almost the entire Augustana council is participating in the demonstration of to-day. A dispatch of greeting will be sent to King Oscar.

Refuses to Enlarge the Churchyard.

The people of Isham, a village between Kettering and Wellingborough, in Northamptonshire, have lately been considerably agitated by the refusal of Mrs. Perry, a prominent local land owner, to give the parish any more land to add to their churchyard or to make a cemetery. At the present time the burial ground—which surrounds the parish church and is at a considerable height from the street in the middle of the village—is quite filled, and at recent funerals numbers of bones and half-rotten coffins have been disinterred to make room for fresh graves. The reason given by the lady, who possesses eligible ground close by, is that she refuses on the ground that cremation is the most satisfactory way to dispose of the dead, and that she disapproves of burial in the midst of the village.—London Daily News.

Northern Pacific,

Double trains daily to St. Paul, Milwaukee and Chicago without change of cars. Connects at St. Paul and Chicago for all points east and south. Superior Pullman sleepers, upholstered tourist cars and dining cars on all through trains. Direct service to the Yellowstone national park. Fast time and all the reduced rates offered patrons of this line. For full information call or address E. E. Blackwood, ticket agent, Adelphi building, Victoria.

TO HUDSON BAY.

The Country Which Mr. Tyrrell Will Traverse in His Explorations.

Edmonton Bulletin:—J. B. Tyrrell, geologist of the Canadian geological survey, left on Monday on one of the most remarkable exploring trips that have been undertaken in Canada in the interests of science for many years. His project is to traverse the barren grounds from Lake Athabaska to Hudson Bay by one route and return by another route through the same region within the same year. The barren grounds are of immense area, extending from the basin of the Mackenzie on the south and west to the Arctic Ocean and Hudson's Bay on the north and east, about 1,000 miles from southwest to northeast. The character of the region is expressed by its name. It is called barren because it is beyond the climatic line within which timber will grow. Beyond this fact, and the further fact that it is the home of the musk ox and the so-called rein deer, and along the sea coast, of the Esquimaux, practically nothing is known of it. There is only one trading post that can be said to be within its area, FortIne. There is no trade route through or near it. The Indians go from the woods to hunt over it and the Esquimaux go inward from the sea, but it belongs to neither, and is no man's land. What knowledge of it exists was chiefly acquired at the time of the attempts in the latter part of the previous century and the earlier part of the present one to discover a Northwest passage through the Arctic Sea. This led to several partial explorations of the region, chiefly by rescue parties, but the only white man who ever traveled through and described it was Samuel Hearne, who, in the latter part of the 17th century penetrated from Fort Churchill to the Coppermine river, which empties into the Arctic Ocean, and returned to Churchill. Three years ago Warburton H. Pike, of Victoria, B.C., made an excursion into the Barren Grounds from the eastern end of Great Slave Lake towards the Arctic Ocean in search of musk ox, and added materially to the information existing regarding that region. Mr. Tyrrell's route is far distant from that of Mr. Pike, and as projected goes across the least known part of the whole region, furthest from any trading post, and where no white man but Hearne has ever been. The route to be followed by Mr. Tyrrell will cross that of which Hearne has left an account at right angles, so that Hearne's observations will be of little use to Mr. Tyrrell. His route as laid down is as follows:—Leaving Edmonton to reach the Athabasca river at the Landing by trail, ninety miles. Thence he goes by canoe down the Athabasca river 400 miles to the lake of the same name. Thence to the east end of the lake and up the river which enters it from the east 300 miles. This part of the route is along a much used trade route, and is therefore well known. But at a certain point on the river entering Lake Athabasca Mr. Tyrrell will leave the stream by one of its tributaries coming from the north. From this point nothing is definitely known of the country for the 1000 miles which Mr. Tyrrell will have to travel to reach Chesterfield Inlet, a northerly arm of Hudson's Bay, which is his objective point on the bay. He expects to follow the river which he first takes up to the height of land between the basins of the Mackenzie and of Hudson's Bay. Then to any water flowing north-eastward which will lead to Hudson's Bay. All that he has upon which to base the supposition that there is a practicable route is Indian report, and as Indians have ceased to travel through that region, this does not seem to be the best possible authority. However, Mr. Tyrrell is so confident of success that he not only expects to reach Chesterfield Inlet this season but also to return to Lake Athabasca by another and more southerly route, also across the Barren Grounds. In his travels he is accompanied by his brother, J. W. Tyrrell, who accompanied Lieut. Gordon's Alert expedition to Hudson's Bay some years ago, and who then acquired a knowledge of the Esquimaux language which he now hopes to turn to account in travelling through the Esquimaux country. Besides the Messrs. Tyrrell, the party will include John Flett, of Prince Albert, and four Caughnawaga Indians as canoe men.

Exercise Needed.

Mere walking exercise, although it is invaluable, hardly fulfils the idea of perfect recreation. Sir James Paget says "good active recreations" ought to include "uncertainties, wonders and opportunities for the exercise of skill in something different from the regular work." Why should the literary man, the doctor and the stockbroker not play cricket after 45? What is to become of his dinner hour, is it asked? If a better luncheon were taken at mid-day and a lighter dinner at six in the evening there is no reason whatever, says a writer in The Hospital, why a man of 45 and up to 65 or 70 should not be in the cricket-field at 7:30 and play briskly until 9 or 9:30. An hour and a half at cricket after a light dinner would make middle-aged men so young that they would not know themselves. Writers would write twice as brilliantly, and business men would be cleverer and keener by half.

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAYNE'S OINTMENT. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. d&w

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

China, Japan and Australian Steamship Line.

STEAMSHIP "MIOWERA"

(3500 Tons), will sail from Vancouver for Honolulu, Sydney, Brisbane, June 14th, 1893.

STEAMSHIP "WARRINOO"

(3500 Tons), will sail from Vancouver for Honolulu, Sydney, Brisbane, July 14th, and regular monthly sailings hereafter.

CHINA AND JAPAN LINE.

Empress of Japan leaves	Vancouver,	June	26
" India	"	July	17
" China	"	Aug.	7
" Japan	"	Aug.	28

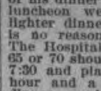
(Subject to change and individual postponement.)

For rates of passage and further information apply to

ALLAN CAMERON,
C.P.R. Agent, Government Street.

GEO. McL. BROWN,
Dist. Pass Agent, Vancouver.

FROM LIVERPOOL



The Br. Bk. "Archer,"

789 tons register,

Is now on the berth FOR VICTORIA, and will sail on 10th July next. For freight and all other information apply to

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.

m19-tf

NOTICE

The partnership heretofore existing between John Coigdarripe and Luke Pither, carrying on business on Yates street, in the city of Victoria, under the firm name of Boucherat & Co., wine and spirit merchants, was dissolved on the 1st day of April last by mutual consent, Max Leiser having purchased the interest of John Coigdarripe in the said firm.

The business of the firm will be continued by Messrs. Luke Pither and Max Leiser, upon the same premises under the firm name of Pither & Leiser, successors to Boucherat & Co., and they have assumed all the liabilities of the old firm.

Dated this 14th day of June, 1893.

J. COIGDARRIPE.
LUKE PITHER.
MAX LEISER.

Witness:—
GEORGE JAY, Jr. je14-1m

SAYWARD

Situate Exactly Opposite the Historical Fort Sheppard, on the East Bank of the Columbia River at the Mouth of Beaver Creek, about Four Miles North of the Pend D'Oreille River and International Boundary Line.

SAYWARD — Is a typical site for a large city. It is level bench land, perfectly adapted for building purposes, and is the selected junction of the river and Railway Transportation.

SAYWARD — Is the only natural location for a centre of supply for the great Placer and Hydraulic Mines on the Pend D'Oreille and Salmon Rivers, and the Gold and Silver Mines of Trail Creek, now supplied by wagon road from the United States.

SAYWARD — Is the headquarters of the contractor of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway, now under construction. The main Railway Line runs through the Company's property, and a spur is to connect with the Steamboat Landing where all supplies are now being delivered for over one thousand railway navvies.

Commissariat, Stores, Hotel Offices and Wagon Road now in course of construction, and an increasing daily business is being transacted. Alternate daily communication from Revelstoke, B.C., via Canadian Pacific Railway, and Northport, U.S., from all points south by the Spokane Falls & Northern Railway.

Sale of Lots commences at 11 a.m, THURSDAY Morning at my Office, No. 7 Board of Trade Building.

PRICES—$150 for Corners; $100 for Inside Lots. TERMS—One-third cash, one-third in two months, one-third in four months, with interest at 8 per cent. per annum on deferred payments.

For THE WEST KOOTENAY LAND COMPANY, L'd L'y,

JOSHUA DAVIES, Manager.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer,
Government street Victoria.

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER
BLACKSMITH, ETC
Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.
VICTORIA B. C

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders will be received until Monday, the 19th inst., at 4 p.m., at the office of the undersigned for the construction of a main brick drain on Cook and View Streets and certain tributary drains.

Plans and specifications may be seen and forms of tender obtained at the office of the City Engineer, City Hall, on and after Monday, the 12th inst.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., June 8, 1893.

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital

INCORPORATED 1890.

The Third Annual Meeting of the donors and subscribers to the Institution will be held at the City Hall, on Friday, the 30th day of June, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

BUSINESS---Receiving the Annual Report of the President and Directors, and the Treasurer's Statement for the year ending 1st June; likewise the election of six Directors.

In accordance with the Act of Incorporation, the six remaining First Directors, representing the subscribers and donors, retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

H. M. YATES,
Secretary,
Care Yates & Jay, Bastion St.
Victoria, B.C., 13th June, 1893. td

THE DOUGLAS HOUSE,

5 Gordon St., Victoria.

This first-class Private Family Boarding House, centrally situated, within extensive grounds, is open under new management for guests by the day, week or month at moderate rates. A few table boarders can be accommodated. may1-3m

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer
Every 5 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.
Walla Walla - - - June 18
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

NOTICE

The 3rd Annual General Meeting of the Queen City Building, Loan and Saving Association, Limited, will be held in Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad Street, on Friday, the 16th instant, at 7.30 p m.

BUSINESS:

1. Receiving the annual statement and balance sheet of Secretary, and reports of Secretary and Board of Directors.
2. Voting on amendments to By-Laws.
3. Election of Board of Directors and Secretary for ensuing year.
4. Dealing with such other business as may come before the meeting.

By order.

B. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
NELSON, B. C.
(Mention this paper.)

Notice to Contractors, Builders, Etc.

Tenders will be received on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until noon of Wednesday, the 21st of June instant., for executing Minor Works and Repairs at the Naval Establishments at Esquimalt.

Plans, specifications and conditions of contract may be seen at the office of the Clerk of Works in this yard.

Tenders to be endorsed "Works" and addressed to the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JAMES H. INNES,
Naval Storekeeper, Etc.
Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, 7th June, 1893.
je12-7td

A. MAXWELL MUIR,

ARCHITECT,

93½ Douglas Street.

We beg to inform Victorians that we have removed from 27 Fort Street to our new and spacious premises 37 FORT ST., 5 doors above our old stand, where you can find the

ONLY OPTICIANS

Of British Columbia, who have the knowledge, skill and experience to thoroughly test your eyes and fit you with proper glasses.

Who make a specialty of grinding complicated glasses and repairs of all kinds.

Who have the most complete stock of Spectacles, Eye Glasses and Optical Instruments in Canada.

Note the Change of Address:

F. W. Nolte & Co.,
(Successors to Hyams)
37 FORT STREET.

Municipal.

TAX ON DOGS.

Owners of Dogs are requested to take notice that the tax for the year 1893 on every dog within the City of Victoria is now due. The Provision of the Pound By-Law and the Revenue By-Law, 1889, will be enforced with respect to any such tax remaining unpaid from this date.

Mr. Robert Carter is authorized to collect the above tax.

CHAS. KENT,
Collector.

Victoria, B.C., City Collector's Office,
City Hall April 29th, 1893.

Municipal Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the reports of the City Engineer and City Assessor in regard to the grading of and laying sidewalks upon Stanley Avenue, between Fort Street and Mr. Andean's property, and Montrose Avenue, between Blackwood and Jones Streets, Showing the proportion in which the assessment is proposed to be made on the various portions of the real property benefited by the said improvements respectively, in accordance with the "Local Improvement By-Law," are now open for inspection at the Office of the City Assessor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office.
Victoria, B.C., March 30th, 1893.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Section 12 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-Law, 1885," which provides that

From the first day of April to the 13th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating or street sprinkling, except during the hours between 5 o'clock in the evening and 9 o'clock in the following morning, and on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In Central Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays;

In South Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays; and

In North Ward, on Wednesday and Saturdays.

And the water of the said Waterworks shall not be used for irrigating or street sprinkling outside the limits of the said City.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria B.C., June 5th, 1893.

SNOWFLAKE

FLOUR

—::— FOR FAMILY USE, —::—

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other

Manufactured by

ISOM LANNING & CO

ALBANY, OREGON.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Pushing Canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; Permanent position. BROWN BROS. CO., Nurserymen, Portland, Oregon. mar25-m s & wk-3m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One half interest in a good milk business, with 28 cows and 7 horses, also 20 fine young heifers, and all kinds of farming implements, with a good run of customers; also 75 pigs, old and young, also one farm of 173 acres. For further particulars apply to James N. Algar, Nanaimo, B. C., Cranberry Distric n11-tf-d-w

FOR SALE—Banner Oats, for seed. Apply to J. H. Wilson Brown, South Saanich, or Monroe Miller, 77 Johnson St. ap5-tf

FOR SALE—Cheap, one horse, harness and light express wagon. Apply to the Victoria Transfer Company, Broughton St. m31-tf

FOR SALE—160 acres of the West Saanich Road, 11 miles from Victoria, ½ mile from Saanich Arm, 50 acres good bottom land, easily cleared. A splendid sheep farm. Good hunting and fishing. A small lake on property. Price $1,600. For particulars apply P. O. Box 104, Union, B.C. fe24-tf

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residance telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad treet and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

Mr. W. C. Windebank, Pianoforte Tuner,
Has removed from 85 to 79 Fort Street, where he hopes to receive the patronage so liberally bestowed on him at his former residence.
Concertinas tuned and repaired. Instruments left over 3 months will be sold. Pianos tuned and regulated, $2. Lessons in vocal music. ju6-1m

BANJO AND GUITAR INSTRUCTIONS
By Chicago's popular banjo player and guitarist, PROF. T. W. REAMER. Rare chance or beginners and advanced pupils. Room 73, Five Sisters Block. (Take elevator). Can be ngaged for first-class entertainments only. m10-tf

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders eft at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 22.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184, ju18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders eft with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coa and wood for sale c22-1y

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary.
ja13

SONS OF ERIN
Meet in Pioneer Hall, Broad St., on second Wednesday in each month, at 8 p.m. All Irishmen are invited to join.
RICHARD ACKLAND, Hon. Sec'y.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY,
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m., to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe15 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja18 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy25 A. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 136, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. E. LANGLEY, Scribe E.
1-1y

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 2,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER, K. of R. & S.
oct9

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard st., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PROF. TOTTENHAM,
Rheumatism and Neuralgia Specialist.
Toothache cured at once without pain for 50 cents. Daily at his residence, No. 56 Pandora Street. City Agents—; Thos. Shotbolt, Druggist, Johnson St.; C. E. Jones, Druggist, 36 Government Street; R. J. Atwood, Druggist, Douglas Street.

PIANOS TUNED.
JAMES SHERIDAN,
Of thirty years standing in the City. Pianos, Organs and all kinds of Musical Instruments thoroughly tuned, regulated and repaired.
Address—Room 3, Gospel Hall, Oriental Avenue, between Yates and Johnson Streets.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 19

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN)
Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard, corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Riggins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Flummerfelt, Gorge Road.

AMUSEMENTS.

First Annual Picnic, Sons of Erin Dominion Day
July 1st, 1893.

Benefit B. C. Benovelent Society.

The Sons of Erin Society will hold their first Annual Picnic at the CALEDONIA PARK on Dominion Day. A good programme of SPORTS will be carried out, during the afternoon. A band will be in attendance. Dancing on spacious platform during afternoon and evening.

ADMISSION, Fifty Cents.
Ladies, Twenty-Five Cents.
Children, under Ten years, Free.

Argyle House

SPECIAL BARGAINS

12 yards of Dress Goods for $1
12 yards of Flannelette for $1
12 yards 36 inch wide White Calico for $1
12 yards White Satin Stripe Muslin for $1
10 yards Brown Holland for $1
White Sheeting, 5 yards for $1
Unbleached Sheeting, 5 yds. for $1
Lace Curtains, 50c. per pair.
Remnants of Carpets, Very Cheap
A lot of Umbrellas and Parasols at Cost.
A Big Lot of Odd Lace Curtains at 25c. each.

J. Horner & Co.

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders will be received until Monday, the 19th inst., at 4 p.m., at the office of the undersigned, for making additions, alterations and repairs to the building known as the Johnston House, situate on Block 80, Fairfield Estate.

Specifications may be seen and forms of tender obtained at the office of the Building Inspector, City Hall.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., June 13th, 1893.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that we have deposited with the Minister of Public Works plan of a wharf upon our property situated at Telegraph Bay, together with a description of the site; and that we have also deposited duplicates of the said plan and description with the Registrar-General for the Province of British Columbia. Notice is further given that, one month after date, we shall apply to the Governor-in-Council for his approval of the said plans.
R. P. RITHET & CO. (Ltd.)
Victoria, May 30th, 1893. my31-1m

DR. A. C. WEST,
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year.....$10 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES
is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 00 per annum, paid in advance.

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CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.
NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1 50.
SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion, the type used for general reading, and placed in reading columns, 25c a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out. Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager.

Changes of Advertisements.
It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that of their appearance.

The Daily Times.

GERMANY'S ELECTIONS.

This is election day in Germany, and the results of the polling are awaited with eager curiosity throughout the civilized world. Owing to the multiplicity of candidates and to the character of the election system, the prospect is that the composition of the new Reichstag will not be decided by to-day's voting. To secure election a candidate must poll a majority over all his rival candidates in the district; if no one man obtains such a majority to-day the candidate with the lowest majority will be dropped out and a re-ballot taken for the rest. This process will be repeated until one man gets a majority of the votes cast. In many of the districts to-day there were several contestants in the field, each representing one of the political factions into which parties have been split up. Consequently re-ballots are likely to be necessary in so many districts that to-day's voting will not be anything like decisive. The main issue, of course, is the extension of the army proposed and insisted on by Emperor William and his representative, the chancellor. Back of this question is the more radical one of the relative powers of Emperor and parliament, which is in reality the principle to be tested. On the side of the crown are ranged all the Conservatives, with sections of the Clericals and the Liberals, while opposed to it are the Fredsinnige, or main Liberal party, the remainder of the Clericals and the Social Democrats. Then there are minor factions, such as the anti-Semites, Bimetallists, Agrarian Leaguers, etc., to complicate the situation. The feeling is strong, and the contest, though quiet, has been exceedingly earnest. Probably the most aggressive and best organized of the factions are the socialists, who have all through been well assured of a large increase of membership in the new parliament. How the several parties will fare it will in all likelihood require a few days to tell.

Pilot Babbington repeats the statement that his letter was refused publication in the Times, and kindly takes the responsibility for it upon himself. The truth of the matter is that Mr. Babbington brought to the Times office what he himself described as a draft of a letter, and was told that if he made it ready for publication it would be inserted. He may know why, instead of following this course, he published the gratuitous and silly falsehood that appeared in the Colonist; we do not. However, he is heartily welcome to any benefit he may have gained from the line of action he chose to follow.

Mr. Labouchere has been looking into the British Columbia question—or perhaps some kindly disposed person has been giving him "pointers." Anyway, this paragraph appears in Truth of June 1st:

A serious crisis seems to be impending in the relations between the Island of Vancouver and the mainland of British Columbia, owing to the reckless expenditure and financial dishonesty of the government and legislative assembly, which are mainly representative of the island. The mainland, with an area of over 366,000 square miles, and a population of 61,000, returns only 17 members to the council, while the island, with an area of 16,000 square miles and a population of 36,000, returns 16 members. The situation is aggravated by the unequal distribution of the electors among the constituencies, the result of which is that the present government numbers 19 supporters in the House, who represent 4576 registered electors, while their 14 opponents represent 10,984. At the present time the mainland party are specially incensed against proposals of the government to spend $600,000 upon a new parliament house, and to guarantee interest to the amount of $6,000,000 on bonds of the proposed British Pacific Railway, at a time when the budget of the colony shows a deficit of $216,006; and there is a strong feeling that this is part of a deliberate policy to incur debts for the benefit of the island, the burden of which will fall chiefly on the mainland. It is obvious that the present disparity between the representatives of the two sections of the colony cannot continue, and when Lord Aberdeen takes over the reins of government he cannot do better than set himself to right the anomaly before worse mischief ensues.

Evidently there is an excellent opportunity for Col Baker to do some more missionary work, if he is still in London, for many Londoners must have their ears poisoned by this sort of talk. Mr. Labouchere it must be noted, did not complete his own task; he should have instructed Lord Aberdeen as to the ways and means he is to employ. Though "Lalby's" knowledge is very extensive, he apparently does not know much about the system of government in Canada.

The Globe: It is plain that the end for the sake of which Canada has been heavily taxed and put under a formidable debt has not been achieved. Parliamentary inquiry has shown that much of the expenditure has been not only wasteful but corrupt. People supposed that these disclosures had frightened the government into economy and honesty; but matters which have recently come to light indicate that the reign of waste and jobbery has by no means come to an end. The county of Soulanges was carried for the government some time ago largely by promises of the construction of a canal against which the practical common sense of pilots and shipping men has declared. A sum of more than $1,200,000 has been paid since 1888 upon the enlargement of the Cornwall canal, and much of the work already done will be rendered useless by the new project upon which the government has entered in spite of the protest of the late chief engineer, and which will probably cost about $500,000. Another half million is involved in the construction of a channel in the Galops rapids, near Prescott, in connection with which Mr. Reid, the Conservative member for South Grenville, makes some serious charges. A commission is now enquiring into the enormous over-expenditure on the government bridge at Montreal.

According to the Colonist's report of the school board meeting, "Trustee Lovell drew attention to the statement he had seen in the evening newspaper a short time ago that the public schools were not supplied with maps of the province." If Mr. Lovell had read with any care the lettter and the editorial comment that appeared in the Times he would have seen that the city schools were expressly excepted from the reflections contained therein, and he would thus have saved himself from making a rather foolish mistake. The statement which he undertook to correct did not appear in the Times.

The Toronto Empire is taunted by some of its esteemed eastern contemporaries on account of a "paid local" which appears in its columns. In this little notice Canadians are advised to go to South Dakota, where they will find "thousands of acres of good and cheap lands for sale along the line of a certain railway." Like many other "patriots," the Empire refuses to let its "patriotism" interfere with its revenue.

Toronto Mail: Without as much as a request for an investigation, the government has set a royal commission to work to ascertain the facts of the Curran bridge scandal. Once this would not have been obtained save after weeks of tedious debate. Time works wonders.

PROSPEROUS PYTHIANS.

Gratifying Report at the Convention—High Water in the Fraser.

New Westminster, June 15.—The grand lodge of the Knights of Pythias resumed its convention yesterday. At the second day's meeting all reports of the grand keeper of records and seals were received, showing a very satisfactory increase. Two new lodges have been formed, Maple lodge, No. 5, Duncan's Station, Vancouver Island, with a membership of 28, and Granite lodge, No. 16, New Westminster, with a membership of 63. The lodges number 16, and the total number of members enrolled to date 1,200. The financial condition of the order in British Columbia is sound and very satisfactory, and there are six new lodges in prospect. By a report of the supreme grand lodge British Columbia holds the honor of having recorded the greatest gain in 1892, being a gain of 252, equal to 61 per cent, North Dakota standing next with a gain of 121, or 60 per cent. The gain of the body universally to date is 422,170. In the evening the new hall was dedicated by the grand lodge officers. This morning the following grand officers were elected: S. R., Jas. Crosson, Nanaimo; G. C., H. J. Anstie, Vancouver; G. V., J. C. Byrnes, Victoria; prelate, L. Mounce, Nanaimo; M. A. A., A. A. Richardson, Nanaimo; K. of R. and S., W. K. Leighton, Nanaimo; M. E., J. B. Kennedy, Westminster; J. G., N. Nelson, Westminster; O. G., G. L. Mills, Vancouver. The first meeting will be held at Victoria on the second Tuesday of June, 1894. The visiting Knights left this afternoon on an excursion to the canneries. To-night a banquet will close the session.

The water in the river reached the level of the G. N. railway track at Liverpool last night.

The wife of Wm. Holmes died of paralysis this morning, aged 74. She was an old-time resident.

Appeal to Cleveland.

Chicago, June 15.—The executive officers of the Typothetae Mutual Benefit Association have forwarded a letter to President Cleveland, protesting against the action of the Typographical Union. It says: "This association is composed of practical working printers, whose constitution and by-laws are based on the rights of every citizen to obtain employment for the support of himself and those depending upon him. There is in opposition to us an organization known as the International Typographical Union, opposed to the employment of any printer who is not in immediate connection with their organization and discriminating in favor of foreigners. We learn that this International Typographical Union is using every effort to have your excellency appoint to the office of public printer a man who is in sympathy with the principles governing the International Typographical Union, who would, if appointed, use his power to exclude from the employ of the Government men who are every way equal to members of said union. We, therefore, most earnestly petition your excellency that you will select one unshackled by pledges against the freedom of labor. That all citizens shall be treated alike and that a citizen of the United States have preference over an alien in securing employment under our government."

TELEPHONIC JOURNALISM.

The Alleged Editor Who Spouts the News to His Subscribers.

J. B. Sanborn writes to the Boston Advertiser: The capital of Hungary, where I am now spending a few days, has distinguished itself among the cities of the globe by establishing a telephonic newspaper, which has now been in existence some months, and is extending its plans and hopes. The Oriental Review of this city for April 30th gives a long account of what this novel enterprise has done and may do, which I am sure will interest my readers. The whole city of 500,000 people—as large as Boston (and, I may add, quite as handsome and better served with street railways), is divided into eight sections for the purposes of this telephonic editor, and each of the sections has one conducting wire. The apparatus in each house occupies a space of about five inches square and has two tubes, so that two members of the family can get the news at once. The whole cost of putting it in is $6, and each subscriber pays a rate of 60 cents a month for the special newspaper service.

The news collector does his work in the night, as elsewhere, and at 9 a.m. he takes his post in the central station and begins to tell his story "in a telegraphic style, summary and precise, avoiding everything superfluous." At the end of five minutes, fearing lest some of his subscribers may not have heard everything, he repeats his budget of news, word for word—mostly concerning home events and news of Hungary. At 10 o'clock he issues another oral edition, this time of foreign news. At 11 o'clock he lets us know that the Hungarian parliament is in session, and may mention what is being debated. But word may also come of a riot, and by noon the alarmed subscribers may hear that the populace have attacked the police and been fired upon; this, we will say, causes stocks to fall 5 per cent. Immediately the wise subscriber rushes to his own telephone and gives his broker an order to buy. At 2 o'clock the central office rings furiously and reports a violent debate in Parliament, which leads to a change of the ministry. At 3 o'clock there is a fire in the building of which the subscriber is part owner—and so it goes on:

"All this news," says my author, "is related in a sonorous voice, easily understood—and, as there is only one wire, the subscriber is not vexed with the hubbub of twenty voices trying to use the same wire at once. Still, it is a little fatiguing to get your news in such small slices instead of having it all in your hand at once. So (I continue to quote) at 6 o'clock he can take a rest (that is, the subscribee can), and madame, his wife, comes forward to hear the report of a lecture at the academy; perhaps the repetition, with all due emphasis, of a poem. At 7 o'clock the young ladies listen to a concert through the Telephonic Gazette; they can distinguish wonderfully well the touching pathos of the violoncello, the pearly staccatos of the violin, the sweet melodies of the flute, and the enchanting voice of the prima donna." What can be more delightful and convenient?

All this, I am assured, is daily going on in Buda-Pesth. Nay more, "by the aid of a single wire of the state telegraph line, our central station has been connected simultaneously with the telephone stations of Vienna, Gratz, Brunn and Trieste; and in all those cities the voice of the Gazette's editor has been heard—clear, sonorous, and with every shade of intonation."

The society of which I am speaking spends its time in balls and receptions, and suppers, operas, theatres—extravagance in the cities and extravagance out of the city. Their business in life is to eat and to drink and to sleep, to spend the winter and to spend the summer. Think of a normal, rational human being eating for a living. Think of a rational human being living as an end of life simply to perform the daily functions of the body and think of the monstrous insolence of such an aggregation of asses calling themselves society!

Oldest Christian Manuscripts.

The most ancient Christian manuscripts in existence are the three great codices of the entire Scripture—the Vatican, the Alexandrine and the Sinaitic codex. They were written, it is generally conceded, in the fourth century. The Vatican codex has been for centuries in the Vatican library and is looked on as the most precious of the three. The Alexandrine, so called because it was brought to England from Alexandria about the middle of the seventeenth century, is kept in the British Museum in London; and the Sinaitic, so called because discovered by Tischendorf about 40 years ago in the convent of Mount Sinai, is preserved at St. Petersburg.

LOUIS PHILIPPE.

Reminiscences of a Journalist's Youthful Impressions in Paris.

This able, shrewd, but inveterately double-dealing old gentleman aspired to be hailed by his subjects and by posterity as the "Napoleon of Peace;" in fact, he discounted and exploited the glories of the first empire for the benefit of his own dynasty, writes George Augustus Sala. He had scarcely seated himself on the throne when he sanctioned the rerection of the statue of Napoleon on the summit of the column in the Place Vendome, from which it had been deposed during the restoration. Two years afterward an effigy of the emperor was placed in the courtyard of the Hotel des Invalides; in the same year the court of Cassation were allowed to place in their council chamber a stately portrait of the modern Justinian in the act of presenting the Code Napoleon to the nation. Finally, in May 5, 1840, the anniversary of Napoleon's death, M. Guizot, ambassador of France at the Court of St. James, made an official application to the British government for the restoration of the ashes of Napoleon to France. The government of Queen Victoria promptly and cheerfully acquiesced in the demand, Lord Palmerston, then foreign secretary, taking occasion to express a hope to M. Thiers, at the time prime minister of France, that if any hostile feeling yet lingered between the two nations, those feelings might be buried in the tomb about to receive the ashes of the Emperor. This was the first occasion upon which England had officially recognized the imperial title. At this distance of time such a persistent exploitation of Caesarism on the part of a constitutional monarch might appear as little short of political insanity, but Louis Philippe felt himself perfectly secure on the French throne, and imagined that all the lustre which he was throwing on the imperial regime would be refracted on his own person and family. The only son of Napoleon, born king of Rome and metamorphosed by his grandfather, the Emperor Francis, into an Austrian Duke of Reichstadt, had died, worn out by fatigue and excess at Vienna, in 1832. Had he lived he would have been a really formidable rival to the Orleans dynasty, but when the body of this poor young heir to so much glory and so much misfortune had been consigned to the tomb in the Church of the Capuchins, a sigh of relief must have moved the breast of crafty old Louis Philippe. From the surviving brothers of Napoleon he had nothing whatever to fear, and it is probable that he regarded his prisoner, Louis Napoleon, as a half-demented visionary, utterly devoid of any practical capacity.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

Daily Chronicle of Events in The Great Republic.

New York, June 15.—Havemeyer & Elder's sugar refinery on South Fourth street, Brooklyn, is not working to-day. When the men went to work this morning they were notified they would not be needed for several days, as a result of the strike of the firemen yesterday. The 2,800 men were told to hold themselves in readiness to start work at short notice.

Washington, June 18.—Col. Ainsworth addressed a letter to Coroner Patterson to-day complaining that the jury were prejudiced against him by the testimony of disaffected clerks, and the riotous proceedings of previous illegal inquiry, and urging his right to be present by counsel and to cross-examine witnesses. Coroner Patterson refused the request and expert testimony as to the building was taken up to recess at 12.

Turkey's Columbian Medal.

Washington, June 14.—Baron Fava was presented to the President this afternoon by Secretary Gresham under his new title as ambassador from Italy. The usual felicitous speeches were exchanged. After that ceremony, Mavrogni Bey, Turkish minister, on behalf of the Sultan of Turkey, presented a magnificent medal to the President of the United States, commemorative of thte 400th anniversary of the discovery of America. The medal is of massive gold, about four inches in diameter. The centre piece is a beautifully engraved cameo, illustrating the discovery of America. There is a suitable inscription in Turkish on the face, and the medal proper is encircled with an elaborately wrought laurel wreath studded with diamonds. What disposition will be made of the medal has not yet been determined; but as it is really a gift to the nation it will probably ornament the National Museum of the library of the Department of State.

500
blouse waists at Russell & McDonald's

THE MARKETS.

A Short Summary Covering Articles Produced by the Farmer.

Trade is very fair and the prospects point to a very good summer business. Prices as a rule on the articles covered in this report show few changes. Breakfast bacon is a cent and a half higher in Chicago to-day than ham. Asparagus is rather scarce, with California supplying the market almost entirely. Very few local vegetables have come in during the past week. New hay is coming in slowly. Retail prices are as follows:

Flour—Portland roller, per bbl.	$ 5 75
Salem	5 75
Ogilvie's (Hungarian)	6 00
Lake of the Woods (Hungarian)	6 00
Premier	6 00
Three Star	5 75
Victoria	5 75
Lion	5 75
Royal	6 00
Wheat, per ton	.32 00@40 00
Oats, per ton	.32 00@35 00
Barley, per ton	.32 00@35 00
Middlings, per ton	.35 00@40 00
Bran, per ton	.27 00@30 00
Ground Feed, per ton	.30 00@35 00
Corn, whole	45 00
" cracked	50 00
Cornmeal, per 10 lbs.	40
Oatmeal, per 10 ss	50
Rolled Oats, per lb.	6
New Potatoes per bag	.$2 50@3 50
Cabbage, per	.3@ 4
Cauliflowers, per doz.	1 50
Asparagus	.8@10
Green Peas, per lb.	.8@10
Hay, baled, per ton	.18 00@20 00
Straw, per bale	1 00
Onions, per lb.	4
Eggs, Island, per dozen	.25@30
Butter, Island roll, (2 lbs)	.50@65
" Creamery, per 3 lbs.	1 00
Cheese, Canadian, per lb, retail	20
" American, per lb.	.20@25
Hams, American, per lb.	.20@25
" Canadian, per lb.	.17@22
Bacon, American, per lb.	.20@25
" Rolled, per lb.	18
" Long clear, per lb.	17
Shoulders, per lb.	14
Lard, per lb.	.18@25
Golden Cottolene, per lb.	20
Meats—Beef, per lb.	.10@18
Sides, per lb.	.9@11
Mutton, per lb.	.12@20
Pork, fresh, per lb.	.12@18
Chickens, per pair	.1 75@2 00
Turkeys, per lb.	30
Geese, per lb.	25
Fish—Salmon (Spring), per lb.	.10@12
Salmon (Smoked), per lb.	.8@10
Halibut	.10@12
Cod, per lb.	.8@10
" (Nfld), per lb.	12 1-2
Small fish	.5@8
Smelts, per lb.	.10@12
Sturgeon, per lb.	.7@8
Herring (Labrador), per doz.	50
" (smoked) "	50
Fruits—Apples, per lb.	.7@10
Oranges (Navel), per doz.	.50@75
" (Riverside), per doz.	.25@30
Lemons, California, per doz.	.35@40
" Sicily, per doz.	.40@50
Bananas, per doz.	.40@50
Rhubarb, per lb.	05
Cherries, per lb.	.30@40

A Dreary Forecast.

When the gods of Greece passed away with the great Pan, nature lost its divinity, but society was overshadowed by a holier presence. When Christianity itself began to appear grotesque and incredible, men reconciled themselves to the change by belief in an age of reason, of enlightenment, of progress. It is now more than probable that our science, our civilization, our great and real advance in the practice of government are only bringing us nearer to the day when the lower races will predominate in the world, when the higher races will lose their noblest elements, when we shall ask nothing from the day but to live, nor from the future but that we may not deteriorate.

Even so, there will still remain to us ourselves. Simply to do our work in life, and to abide the issue, if we stand erect before the eternal calm as cheerfully as our fathers faced the eternal unrest, may be nobler training for our souls than the faith in progress.—National Life and Character—C. H. Pearson.

A Large Assortment
of blouse waists at Russell & McDonald's.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Best Blood Purifier, LANGLEY'S Sarsaparilla

HE HAS THE CHILLS.

Hon. Mr. De Cosmos is Sick and Dould Not Attend the Special.

MEETING OF COUNCIL THIS AFTERNOON

The Aldermen Adjourn Till Wednesday to Hear His Objections Against Telephone Poles and Wires—Legal Eloquence at a Discount.

The city council was convened for 2 o'clock this afternoon to hear the complaints of the Hon. Mr. DeCosmos against the erection of telephone poles and the stretching of wires thereon opposite his property on Government street. Mayor Beaven and Ald. McKillican were the only members of the council on time. Hon. A. N. Richards, counsel for Mr. DeCosmos, and E. V. Bodwell, counsel for the telephone company, were in attendance.

Ald. McKillican, before the opening of the proceedings, asked the legal gentlemen to be charitable enough not to inflict any legal eloquence upon the aldermen. They wanted facts and facts only. Not a tittle of evidence so far had been given. Mr. Richards stated that the council should consider the argument brought forth. Ald. McKillican retorted that he could not waste time in listening to the arguments. He wanted to come to the point. Ald. Bragg entered about this time. It was then nearly twenty minutes past the hour of meeting and the point was raised in general conversation whether it would not be better to adjourn. Mr. DeCosmos was not present. That was another drawback. Mr. DeCosmos was ill and unable to attend. President E. C. Baker, of the telephone company, came in during the conversation. He did not see why there should be so many meetings and adjournments. The point was whether the company should have the authority of the council to erect the poles. Mayor Beaven had put off three engagements and wanted to go on with the meeting. An adjournment to Monday would not suit Mayor Beaven, Tuesday would not suit Mr. Bodwell and some of the other gentlemen had objections against other days. President Baker suggested Sunday. Perhaps that would suit all. All eyes turned toward Ald. McKillican, but the Sunday observance alderman had not caught the remark. Ald. Belyea entered and made the fourth member of the council present. Mr. Baker asked how long Mr. DeCosmos' bilious attack would last. Mr. Smith, the brother of Mr. DeCosmos, was telephoned to to learn the nature of the ailment of Mr. DeCosmos. The reply came that Mr. DeCosmos had a sore throat and a chill. He was in bed. An adjournment to 3 o'clock on Wednesday was taken.

Farewell to the Pastor.

The board of managers of the Metropolitan Methodist church met yesterday and presented Rev. Coverdale Watson with the following address:

To Rev. Coverdale Watson:—

Rev. and Dear Sir,—On the eve of your departure, after a second term of ministerial labor and pastoral care among us we desire, on behalf of the Quarterly Official and Trustee Boards of Pandora Avenue Methodist church, to assure you of their hearty appreciation of your services during a trying period of our history.

The occurrence of a series of unexpected and unforseen circumstances as well as the financial depression have rendered your position for the past two years, at least, one of peculiar difficulty. It is as gratifying, therefore, for you to know as for us to place on record that harmony and good feeling have existed between yourself, as pastor, and the entire managing board of the church. And we are thankful to the Great Head of the church for the spiritual and financial success that have attended your labors among us.

While the close and amicable relation between yourself and the official boards, the membership and congregation of the Metropolitan Methodist church, are now to be severed, we rejoice to know that another and not distant field of labor will receive the benefit of your services; so that we confidently look forward to an occasional reunion in the future. With this agreeable prospect in view we trust and pray that overruling Providence will continue to bestow upon you a large measure of health and strength, in order that for many years to come you may do effectual work in the Master's vineyard.

We extend our best wishes and kindest regards to Mrs. Watson and all the members of your family; hoping that they with yourself may experience nothing but increasing prosperity and comfort in the years that are to come, and in the end an abundant entrance into life everlasting.

On behalf of the Quarterly Official and Trustee Boards,

(Signed) DAVID SPENCER,
WM. F. ARCHIBALD,
JOHN JESSOP,
Committee.

Victoria, June 13, 1893.

Labor Saving Machine.

Mr. John Fox, presdent and manager of the Astoria Iron Works, Astoria, Ore., is in the city introducing a patent can filling machine to the salmon canners. There are 100 of the machines in use in the Columbia river and Alaska canneries. One of the machines will fill from 50 to 60 cans a minute. Findlay, Durham & Brodie are going to place one in their cannery at River's Inlet.

Parasols and Sunshades

25c., 50c., 75c., $1.00, and a perfect gem for $1.75. Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street, Jno. Partridge, proprietor.

Your Opportunity.

On Hillside avenue Page & Winnett have some two-story houses for sale at cost on monthly payments, equal only to a rent.

A License Granted.

In the provincial licensing court this morning, Thomas Shotbolt and Robert Ward presiding, a license was granted to sell intoxicating liquors at the Oak Bay Hotel.

Funeral of Patrick McTiernan.

The funeral of the late Patrick McTiernan took place from the home of his brother, Michael McTiernan, at 9:30 this morning. High mass was celebrated by the Rev. Father Van Nevel at St. Andrew's Cathedral. The pallbearers were T. Burnes, P. Everett, Aeneas McDonald, M. Walsh, J. Leahy and J. Dwyer. The floral offerings were many. A large procession followed the remains to Ross Bay cemetery.

How Will He Vote?

The resolution of Ald. Belyea that no Chinese be employed on surface drainage and that no material be used in the manufacture of which Chinese labor has been employed, will probably create amusement at the next meeting of the council. A prominent alderman of the city, familiarly called "the general," owns a brickyard and Chinamen are said to be employed by him. This alderman is also the friend of the workman. Other members of the council are betting on how he will vote.

Married Last Night.

John E. Grice and Miss Josephine Walsh, third daughter of Isaac Walsh, were married last evening at the home of the bride's parents, 79 Pembroke street, by Rev. C. Watson. The bridesmaids were Miss Lizzie Walsh and Miss H. E. Sandwith, sister and cousin of the bride, while the best men were J. R. Grice and W. B. Brown. The bride wore a pretty gown of cream cashmere; the dresses of the maids were of fawn and silk. After the ceremony thirty guests enjoyed dinner with their hosts. The couple will leave in the morning for Nanaimo, where they will live.

German Cooking Versus Chinese.

The stomach of a person of refined tastes must revolt at the mere idea that his dinner has been cooked by a Chinaman. Would you send for a Chinese doctor when sick? All the Chinese cooks have been dismissed from "The Vienna," Yates street, formerly "The Wilson," and Germans have taken their places, who give general satisfaction in this popular place. Mr. Charles Eissner, formerly with Delmonico, New York, is in charge of this handsomely furnished and conveniently situated restaurant, where meals may be obtained at all hours. Lunch is served from 12 to2 at 35 cents, and table d'hote dinner from 5:30 to 8 at 50 cents; with wine, 75 cents.

A Regretted Departure.

Corporal Hamilton, of C battery, will soon leave Victoria, his time having expired. Few departures from the city will be more sincerely regretted than that of the gallant corporal, whose genial disposition and invariable willingness to devote his talents to making successful scores of entertainments given in the city have won him legions of friends. He will be much missed, both at the battery and at the Y. M. C. A., of which he was a staunch supporter. Corporal Hamilton's abilities as an athlete were recognized and admired, and he has probably no superior in the province as a graceful manipulator of Indian clubs. A giant in stature and in strength, he is entirely free from the boastfulness and pride giants usually evince towards their weaker brethren.

Ship Building in England.

Lloyd's returns show that there are 354 vessels of 621,068 tons gross under construction in the United Kingdom at the close of the year ending March 31st, 1893, as compared with 433 vessels of 842,078 tons at the close of the corresponding quarter in 1892, thus showing that the work has diminished by over 220,000 tons, or 26 per cent. Of the vessels now being built there are 236 steel steamers, 20 iron steamers and seven composite steamers, the total steam tonnage being 535,201; while as regards sailing vessels there are 51 being constructed of steel, two of iron and 38 of wood and composite, the gross tonnage being 86,377. The returns show that only Belfast and Hartlepool have held their own. All the other rivers suffered alike from the recent depression. The number of vessels being built abroad affords no room for the suspicion that shipbuilding is leaving Great Britain, the principal figures being:—Trieste, two vessels of 4900 tons; Antwerp, one vessel of 2000 tons; Copenhagen, seven vessels of 8141 tons; Nantes and St. Nazaire, nine vessels of 15,240 tons; Bremerhaven, etc., eight vessels of 10,091 tons; Dantzig, two vessels of 7500 tons; Hamburg, etc., 16 vessels of 29,458 tons; Rostock, etc., eight vessels of 7725 tons; Amsterdam, two vessels of 3650 tons; Kinderdijk, two vessels of 3540 tons; and Philadelphia, etc., nine vessels of 14,010 tons.

Caravels at Quebec.

Quebec, June 15.—The Columbus caravels, which arrived at Quebec this afternoon, will not reach Montreal until Saturday night, and will remain there Sunday and Monday.

Baking Powders Before Congress.

The Pure Food bill before Congress would be a righteous measure for the people, and should become a law. The public want pure food, and in order to protect themselves must know what is adulterated. All adulterated prepafations should be so branded, including Baking Powders containing Ammonia or Alum. Then if people want to dose themselves with "Absolutely Pure" Ammonia or Alum, they will do it knowingly. The public have been looking up the composition of Ammonia and Alum and they don't like the idea of eating either in their hot biscuit.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

is a Pure Cream of Tartar Powder; free from Ammonia, Alum, Lime or other adulteration. And every investigation, whether in the laboratory or kitchen, confirms and emphasizes its superiority in every way.

CAN HE BE EXTRADICTED?

Rev. Alfred Reams Has a Fighting Chance for His Liberty.

WHAT IS THE AGE OF CONSENT?

According to the Extradition Act—Upon This Depends All—Lucy Rucker Cannot See Anyone Without the Consent of Chief Sheppard,

Rev. Alfred Reams will appear in the Supreme Court to-morrow morning. Friday morning is the date of the adjourned hearing of the case. There is likely to be a further adjournment. Those who know state that the prosecution have no evidence that would warant the surrender of the reverend abductor to the custody of Sheriff Warfield of Merced, who is here to take Reams back again.

In the meanwhile the defense are not idle. They are collecting evidence, and Reams has a good fighting chance to get out of the toils of the law. Reams is charged with abduction, and the abducted girl states that she is nearly 18. A question will doubtless be raised by the defence as to whether the law of extradition can apply in her case. The Canadian law places the age of consent of a girl at 16 years. Abduction, if the girl consent, cannot be committed after that age. She is also at liberty after that age to choose for herself. The California state law says that 18 years is the age of consent. It is contended that the Canadian law must here apply.

Lucy Rucker is still staying at the Refuge Home. Sheriff Warfield and Chief Sheppard saw her yesterday. No one else is permitted to see her without permission of the chief of police. Those are the instructions from the chief, and the matron in charge of the institution told that to a Times man. She afterwards qualified her remarks and said that the ladies of the institution and the chief of police had made that law. Mr. Yates, lawyer for Reams, wanted to see Miss Rucker yesterday. He went to the institution and the matron told him what she told the Times man—apply to Chief Sheppard. Mr. Yates did apply to Chief Sheppard. The chief at first seemed inclined to refuse but Mr. Yates said he would see Miss Rucker whether Chief Sheppard pleased or not. Then the chief escorted the legal gentleman to the Home and told the matron that Mr. Yates might be permitted to see the girl. Mr. Yates saw the young woman, and the matron remained in the room the while.

The rumor has been circulated that Miss Rucker has changed her mind and will go home and give up Reams. Whether it be correct is not known, but it is known that the 12-year-old boy of Reams has been carrying letters backward and forward between his papa and Lucy Rucker. The frequency of the visits of this juvenile attracted attention with the result that he was seen handing a clandestine letter to Miss Rucker. Then he was prohibited entrance to the Refuge Home and no more billets doux are exchanged.

A Merced dispatch states that the citizens of that town are anxiously waiting news of the progress of the case. They wish to see Rev. Mr. Reams again among them. The male element will give him a warm reception. His wife, who is a Miss Mary Taylor, says she will never forgive her husband. She has sent back the children by his first wife to the grandmother and will herself work and provide for her own two children. Mrs. Reams is described as an attractive and accomplished woman.

AN AUSTRIAN JOURNALIST.

Alfred Stiasny of the Vienna Press on a Visit to Victoria.

Mr. Alfred Stiasny, of Vienna, Austria, one of a party of Austrian newspaper men who are making a tour of the United States and Canada, arrived in the city last evening from San Francisco, via Vancouver, and is a guest at the Driard. The party have been away from home since December last and will be back in Vienna about the time that month swings around on the circuit again. They all visited the World's Fair on the way out west and will be there again on their way home. Mr. Stiasny is connected with one of the leading dailies of Vienna, but is now writing a series of letters for a syndicate of Austrian papers. As a newspaper man he is interested in the newspapers here. He marvels at the perfecting presses and the type-setting or type-casting machines. He spent an hour seeing the latter in the Times office this morning. In Vienna the papers are inspected by a government censor, and any edition containing matter of a nature regarded as detrimental to Viennese morals is suppressed. The papers then either miss an edition or print a new edition. His paper has 40 printers, sometimes prints 30 pages in a day, but in general make-up is inferior to the American and Canadian papers. The presses are not modern. Mr. Stiasny has spent six months in the United States and Canada, but says he has only been able to see parts of it. He is delighted with the great west. The western people he prefers to the eastern. All the maps he ever saw gave him no idea of the vast size of North America. Mr. Stiasny is a German, French and English scholar. His descriptive letters will do ample justice to Canada and the United Stattes. He is the guest of some of the Victoria newspaper men to-day and is being shown the city. He took an especial interest in the pigeon shooting at Macaulay's Point. He will leave for San Francisco this evening.

Blew Out the Gas.

Montreal, June 15.—Henry Prentice, aged 20, was yesterday engaged as under coachman to K. T. Molson, 170 University street. When he went to bed last night he blew out the gas. He was found dead in bed this morning.

Says an Ottawa dispatch: There is a little twitch among the members of the government over the appointment of A. W. Ross to the Lieutenant-Governorship of Manitoba. A minority in the cabinet are of the opinion that Ross' devotion to the administration has been more through selfishness than through loyalty to the Tory cause. This was the principal reason given against his entering the ministry some time ago. Those who are of this opinion are putting up Hugh John Macdonald for Lieutenant Governor, and this is why the latter's name was put forward by some of the government organs. I learn on good authority that he would not accept it if offered. On the other hand old heads in the government say that it would be dangerous to pass over Ross, who would place himself and his friends where they will be weak next campaign. Ross will get the appointment.

Spencer's Arcade

A Decided Change in the Shape of

JACKETS

Just to hand and will be opened out on Monday

A Fine Display of Blouses, Parasols, Trimmed Millinery, Shade Hats, Gloves, Etc., Suitable for the 24th.

SUMMER STOCK COMPLETE IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

D. SPENCER, Government St.

FIRE AT THE AMERICAN HOTEL

A Blaze Which Destroyed Nearly $5000 Worth of Property.

What looked for a time to be a serious fire occurred this morning at 1:30 at the American hotel, on Yates street. However, the firemen made a good, quick fight and the flames were confined to the one structure. The building is owned by Thomas J. Burnes, and was occupied as a hotel and saloon by Robert Dudgeon. It was an old, but very well preserved, building, having been one of the first large buildings ever built in the city. It was two stories in height and extended to the rear to the Burnes House on Bastion street. The explosion of a lamp on the first floor started the flames, which had gained considerable headway before they were seen. A call from box 31 and blasts from the whistle of the Victoria brewery, brought the department out. At the building by this time all was confusion. Mr. and Mrs. Dudgeon and about ten persons were in bed when the fire occurred, and soon every room and hallway was filled with dense black smoke. It was impossible to tell who had escaped from the building. Mr. Dudgeon had to be restrained from rushing into the flames. The police and firemen maintained order and the latter soon had two fine streams pouring on the fire, and aided by the chemical, did good service. Later more hose was run out, another engine brought down, and four streams were in play. The fire, which had eaten through the roof, was quickly put out, but in the centre a lively blaze engaged the attention of the men. Dense volumes of black smoke poured out of every window, door and seam in the building, but the deluge of water did its work effectively and without damage to the buildings on either side, one occupied by Boucherat & Co., and the other by E. Pearson. Very little was saved of the contents of the American Hotel, which were insured for $2200. Part of the American Hotel on which Mr. Burnes had $3000 insurance, escaped without even damage from water, while part of it is gutted. The loss is hard to estimate, but on building and furniture will be between $4000 and $5000.

The fire seems another proof of the assertion that Victoria's old redwood buildings will not burn. It would have taken much more of a start this morning to have made a serious fire. Such old buildings are usually tinder boxes, but here they smoke and smoulder long before they burn.

English and Canadian

blouse waists at Russell & McDonald's.

NO SITE SELECTED.

The Place Will be Viewed First by the School Trustees.

Mr. Pope, superintendent of education, wrote the school board granting leave to close the schools on June 23rd. The letter was read at the school board meeting last night. Trustee Lovell contradicted a newspaper letter that the public schools of Victoria were not supplied with accurate maps of the province. The schools were liberally furnished with accurate maps. The principal of the schools wrote suggesting that written examinations should not be held until the second week before closing; that teachers use the last week in correcting and marking papers; that public examinations be held at the opening of the new term. These suggestions were ordered to be transmitted to the Minister of Education. Applications for positions on the teaching staff were laid on the table, and a number of accounts were ordered to be paid by the finance committee. Teachers' reports showed a daily attendance of 1646.99; actual attendance, 1620.29.

The residents of the Oakland estate petitioned for a school. Trustee Marchant suggested the appointment of a committee. The chair appointed Trustees Lovell and Marchant.

A resolution was passed requesting the city council to connect the central school with the sewerage system. The supply committee received authority to prepare estimates for repairs to the schools.

There was some discussion over the 23 school sites. The sites will be inspected by the trustees to-morrow, and a special meeting will be called to select.

A Long Delay.

Capt. John Irving, manager of the C. P. N. Co., left for Portland last evening on business connected with the steamer Danube. Each of the Chinese passengers taken over on the Danube are taken before the court, examined, and either allowed to land or ordered "back whence they came." It will be another week before the Danube will return.

Drink Tamilkande Tea.

Mackie's Pure Highland Scotch Whiskies

MACKIE'S SELECTED LAGAVULIN.

MACKIE'S VERY RARE OLD SPECIAL.

MACKIE'S OLD BLEND of the WHITE HORSE Cellar.

The famous LAGAVULIN DISTILLERY, ISLAND OF ISLAY, SCOTLAND. The Lagavulin Whisky is famous for its fine quality, being made from pure Scotch Malt only, and has long been the favorite beverage of Sportsmen. The most eminent Physicians of the day prescribe it where a stimulant is required.

Lagavulin Distillery, Islay,
Laphroaig Distillery, Islay,
Craig-Ellachie Distillery, Glenlivet.
Glendronach Distillery, Aberdeenshire,
Kintyre Distillery, Campbeltown,
Longrow Distillery, Campbeltown.

MACKIE & Co., 13 Carlton Place, Glasgow, Scotland.

THE TRADE SUPPLIED BY
THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.

TROUT LAKE CITY

WEST KOOTENAY, B.C.

THE ABOVE TOWNSITE IS NOW ON THE MARKET. It is situated on the North end of Trout Lake in the famous Lardeau Country, which is going to be one of the richest mining regions in America. Numerous rich claims have been found close to this Townsite, which will make it the distributing point for an immense tract of Country. It is the only level land on the North end of the Lake. The trail from Lardeau City, on Arrow Lake, to Kootenay Lake, runs through the Townsite. The owners intend to expend money on Streets and other improvements in the spring.

For the next 30 days Lots will be sold for $150 for corners, $100 for insides.

For further particulars apply to

H. ASHBY & CO., At the Head Office, Nelson, B. C.
HENRY CROFT, Victoria, B. C.

WEILER BROS.

Latest Arrivals

WALL PAPER—New Designs and Shades.

INLAID LINOLEUMS

A perfect imitation of Tile Floor. Pattern cannot wear off. Especially adapted for Banks, Offices, Saloons and Public Buildings.

CARPETS

Axminster, Wilton, Brussels, Velvet, Moquette and Tapestry.

Fine Assortment of Rugs.

Chenille Portiers—Remarkable Value.

☞ Ask for a copy of "Modern Draping" published by ourselves.

SHOW ROOMS: 51 TO 55 FORT ST.

A $5.00 Shoe for $2.50

Ladies!

Look in the Government Street window of Erskine's Boot and Shoe Store, and see the Greatest Bargain ever offered.

A. B. Erskine,
Cor. Government and Johnson Streets.

THE FRUIT EXHIBIT.

Mr. A. H. Pettit, of Grimsby, the Superintendent.

In Mr. A. H. Pettit, of Grimsby, Commissioner Awrey has found a man fully equal to the task of exhibiting to the best advantage our fruit at Chicago. The object of the fruit department at the World's Fair for Ontario is such that united action should be taken in fruit sections of the province to make the best display possible. In writing on this subject, Superintendent Pettit says: "There should be a small grant secured from each fruit

MR. A. H. PETTIT, OF GRIMSBY.

growing county, and one man in each locality should be appointed to collect specimens and pack them with system and regularity. Summer fruits cannot remain long upon our tables in a presentable shape, and as we want our Province fully represented, if all will do their share loyally there need be no fear but that Ontario will stand where we all want to see her stand"—at the top in fruit at the World's Columbian Exhibition of 1893.

Mr. A. H. Pettit, the Superintendent of the Fruit Section of Ontario at Chicago, comes of one of those old families of U. E. Loyalists who settled in Western Ontario during the close of the 18th century and who chose rather to leave the country than live under a flag hostile to their own. It was a wise choice when the family settled at Grimsby, on that favored fruit belt.

Born in 1836 on such soil and with such favorable surroundings, is it any wonder that A. H. Pettit soon found that his farm was better adapted to fruit culture than to ordinary farming?

Leaving on one side his experience in mixed and dairy farming, we notice that his first large venture in fruit growing was in planting a ten-acre peach orchard, some years ago, and at a time when few, as yet, had planted any large orchards of that fruit. The large crops of fine yellow Crawfords, harvested as a result of that venture, gave him a lift in financial matters and encouraged him to plant more of his farm with fruit trees and vines.

Some acres of grapes, mostly Concords, also made a good record, yielding, one favorable season, at the rate of six tons per acre, at a time, too, when grapes brought a much higher price in the markets than they do now. Since that time he has engaged in the cultivation of pears, plums and small fruits, in addition to a large orchard of apples and pears, of standard varieties.

Mr. Pettit has also been active in advancing the interests of his fellow-growers, as is evidenced by the positions to which they have appointed him.

In 1878, Mr. Pettit was instrumental in organizing the Grimsby Fruit Growers' Association, and he was elected the first president. For a long time this Association was very active, and consisted of a large number of prominent fruit growers in the Niagara district. Among the first things which Mr. Pettit did, as President of this Association, was the calling of a meeting to discuss the question of the yellows in the peach trees, and, as a result of this agitation, we have the present Act for the destruction of this disease.

In 1880 he formulated the basis upon which the Niagara District Fruit Growers' Stock Company has since been operating, and he, therefore, might be called the originator of that scheme. The first circular of this Company was issued on the 6th of May, 1881, the Company having been organized in April, 1880, but so successful has it been that there are now seventeen agencies operating in the Dominion.

When Farmers' Institutes were being organized throughout the country, the Lincoln County Farmers' Institute was organized on January 25th, 1886, with Mr. Pettit as its President, and this office he holds at the present time.

It is scarcely necessary to speak of his position as Secretary of the Central Farmers' Institute, as that is so recent and well-known to our readers all through the country. The first secretary of the Central Farmers' Institute was Mr. Thos. Shaw, who relinquished it on accepting a professorship at the Ontario agricultural College, Guelph. Mr. Pettit was then unanimously elected to the position. He was a man fitted to this appointment, being a prominent member of the committee which drew up the report, laying out its plan of operations.

For some time Mr. Pettit has been the Director of the Fruit Growers' Association of Ontario for Agricultural district No. 8. In December, 1890, he was elected Vice-President of that old and respectable body, and at the annual meeting, held December 15th, 1891, he was elected President.

Ten Tons of Diamonds.

An astonishing statement was made Wednesday evening at the Society of Arts in the course of a paper by Mr. Bennett H. Brough on the "Mining Industries of South Africa." He said that since 1867, when the diamond fields were first discovered, there have been exported from Cape Colony more than 50,000,000 carats of diamonds, the value of which approached £70,000,000. Their weight would exceed ten tons; a heap of them might form a pyramid with a base nine feet square and six feet high. Putting it another way, they would fill a couple of Pickford's vans. The figures are large, and are, I should fancy, open to correction; but Mr. T. Rennart, who is responsible for the statement, is a man, I believe, who knows what he is talking about.—London World.

Decorative Electric Lighting.

Decorative electric-lighting effects and their application to the interior of modern houses increases daily. The Boston man who had his apartments lighted by electric lamps concealed about the window frames so as to produce a similar effect to sunlight shining through the panes was put down as a genius in this line, but now the suggestion is made that all artistic parlors ought properly to be illuminated by their pictures by arranging them to reflect light from concealed incandescent electric lamps.

COUNTING THE COSTS.

The Expense of Visiting the World's Fair at Chicago.

But setting the question of railroad fares aside as one that cannot be determined now it is possible to tell pretty nearly what the cost of seeing the Fair will be. The first principal items of expense after the visitor reaches Chicago will be room, board admission to the grounds, street car fares, and admission to what are known as the "side shows." The "side shows" are the concessions granted by the Exposition managers, and include model villages of Eskimos, Germans, Irish, Dahomies, Austrians, East Indians, American Indians, Chinese, Laplanders, and Turks; the model of St. Peter's, a panorama of the volcano of Kilauea, etc. It is not necessary to take these in, and as the price of admission to each one will be twenty-five cents, many will omit all or some of them. The amount of money people will spend for pleasure and in making purchases cannot be known, as it will depend largely upon the judgment and resources of the individual.

The first item of necessary expense will be room rent. The Bureau of Public Comfort connected with the Fair has obtained a schedule of rates for rooms without board in what are considered first-class residence neighborhoods. The prices for room, single bed, one person, $1.35; double-room, double bed, one person, $2.12; two persons, $2.70; double-bedded room, two double beds, two persons, $3.50; double-bedded room, two double beds, three persons, $4.15; double-bedded room, two double beds, four persons, $3.50. These rooms are all in houses situated in excellent neighborhoods and convenient to the Exposition grounds. Other rooms a little further away, but in respectable neighborhoods and in neat, well-kept houses, can be obtained at $1 and 75 cents a day. A good substantial breakfast in the morning and dinner or supper at night can be obtained from $1.50 to $2 a day, lunch being taken on the grounds and costing about 50 cents.

With these facts and figures in mind, it is impossible to tell what a visit to the Fair will cost. Consider first a three days' stay, and the expense would be as follows:

Room, three days	$3.00
Six meals in the city at $1 each	6.00
Three admissions to Exposition Grounds	1.50
Side shows, if all taken in	5.25
Three lunches on grounds	1.50
Pleasures rides on electric boats, elevated sliding and ice railroads	55
One excursion on lake steamer	25
Two trips on horse cars	20
Total	$18.25

If the stay is prolonged to five days, the additional expense will be $2 for two days room rent, $4 for meals in the city, $1 for lunches on the grounds, $1 for two admissions to the grounds, and 20 cents for horse car fares; total, $8.20, which added to the above list makes a total of $26.45. It is easy to see, however, that reductions can be made in this estimate.—Philadelphia Press.

Twelve Ways of Injuring the Health.

Wearing thin shoes and stockings on damp nights and in cool, rainy weather; wearing insufficient clothing, especially upon the limbs and extremities.

Leading a life of unfeeling, stupid laziness and keeping the mind in an unnatural state of excitement by reading trashy novels. Going to the theatres, parties and balls, in all sorts of weather, in thin dresses; dancing until in a complete perspiration, and then going home without sufficient overgarments through the cool, damp night air.

Sleeping on feather beds in seven by nine bedrooms without ventilation at the top of the window; and especially with two or more persons in the same small bedroom.

Surfeiting on hot and very stimulating dinners; eating in a hurry without half masticating the food, and eating heartily before going to bed, when the mind and body are exhausted by the toils of the day and the excitement of the evening.

Beginning in childhood on strong tea and coffee and going from one step to another, through chewing and smoking tobacco and drinking intoxicating liquors; and mental and physical excesses of other kinds.

Marrying in haste and getting an uncongenial companion and living the remainder of life in mental dissatisfaction; cultivating jealousies and domestic broils and always being in a mental ferment.

Keeping children quiet by giving paregoric and cordials; by teaching them to suck candies, and by supplying them with raisins, nuts, and rich cakes. When they are sick by giving them mercury, tartar emetic and arsenic, under the mistaken notion that they are medicines, and not irritant poisons.

Allowing the power of gain to absorb our minds, so as to leave no time to attend to our health; following an unhealty occupation because money can be made by it.

Tempting the appetite with bitters and niceties when the stomach says no, and by forcing food into it when nature does not demand, and even rejects it: gormandizing between meals.

Contriving to keep up a continual worry about something or nothing; giving away to fits of anger.

Being irregular in all habits of sleeping and eating; too much, too many kinds of food, and that which is too highly seasoned.

Neglecting to take proper care of ourselves, and not applying early for medicinal advice when disease first appears, but by taking quack medicines to a degree of making a drug shop of the body.

Curious Trades of Parisians.

M. Rossignol, the well-known Parisian police officer, has just compiled a list of some of the extraordinary "trades" exercised in Paris, of which the following is a selection: "Ratters, who capture living rats and sell them to exhibitors of curious beasts; collectors, who gather sewer grease and seize the corks and stoppers at the Suresnes sewer grating; stampers, who beg bread-crusts, which they sell again; ant-egg collectors, who take their gatherings on Sundays to the bird markets; bird 'professors,' who offer their services at that market as rats; "senators," who are none other than the commissionaires of the flower-market; and merchants for the sale of night-shelter numbers, who stand in a line and resell their tickets to their more fortunate brethren.—Pall Mall Budget.

Short "Mother Hubbards."

Almost like short "Mother Hubbards" are some of the larkspur-colored cloth cloaks, unbelted Russian blouses, which have only a little strip across the middle of the back and no girdle about the waist, they have large bishop sleeves and tiny shoulder cups, in three tires, edged with fur, but they really resemble very short loose gowns, and are extremely pretty on girlish figures.

Fashionable Colors.

The fashionable colors for evening gowns are peach, straw, pink, turquoise blue and Nile green, but the novelty lies this year in the combinations. Persian and oriental mixtures obtain; blue green, deep red and yellow are frequently combined, and blue and green, turquoise and mustard, green and pink, violet and red.

E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L. M. S. DAVYS, M.E H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.

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1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38	Lv	11 45 pm	
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria†...	M 1	Lv	8 30 pm	

Port Townsend Mail Route.

	Lv	MI			A		
11 00 pm	Lv	28	...*Seattle.....	58	Ar	6 pm	
12 30 am	Lv	39	.Port Madison	47	Lv	2 10 pm	
	Lv	45	...Kingston...	41	Lv		
3 00 am	Lv	49	.Port Gamble.	21	Lv	11 00 am	
4 00 am	Lv	73	.Port Ludlow.	13	Lv	10 00 am	
6 00 am	Ar	86	Pt. Townsend	M1	Lv	8 00 am	

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Notice is hereby given that James Munroe Miller of the city of Victoria, printer, by a certain deed dated and executed by him on the 18th day of May, 1893, assigned to me, Thomas T. Hull, of the same place, accountant, all his real and personal property for the purpose of paying and satisfying rateably or proportionately, and without preference or priority, all his creditors their just debts.

The said deed was executed by me, Thomas T. Hull, on the 19th day of May, A.D. 1893. All persons having claims against the said assignor are requested to send them in on or before the 31st day of May next to me the undersigned with full particulars in writing, signed by the party claiming.

All persons indebted to the said assignor are also required to pay the amounts due by them to the assignor, to me on or before the above date.

THOMAS T. HULL.
Dated Victoria, 18th May, 1893. m18-1m

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THE TIMES,
Victoria, B. C.

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CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

During last week 3,422 cattle were exported to Great Britain from Montreal.

Green goods circulars are again being poured into the coutnry through the mails.

Grand Trunk Railway Conductor Turnbull of Windsor was run over by a yard engine and fatally injured.

Taylor, Scott & Co., woodenware, Toronto, have assigned. Their liabilities amount to $30,000, with assets nominally the same.

The premises of Bourgeoune, Duchessman & Co., Montreal, hardware merchants, have been damaged by fire. The loss is $11,000.

General Montgomery Moore, the new commander of the imperial forces in Canada, arrived at Halifax yesterday and was received with the usual salute.

A large pilgrimage,numbering between 700 and 800 people, visited the shrine of Ste. Anne de Beaupre, Que. A cripple for many years is reported to have left his crutches at the shrine.

Mr. Douglas Cameron, assistant accountant in the house of commons, and a son of Sir Matthew Crooks Cameron, was married at Ottawa to Miss Edwards, eldest daughter of Mr. J. Edwards.

The remains of Madame Bourgeois, who founded the order of the Congregation, have been removed from the ruins of the Ville Marie convent. The remains and casket were remarkably well preserved. Madame Bourgeois died in 1770.

All the Quebec ministers with the exception of Messrs. Hall and McIntosh, who are absent from Canada, have taken action for libel against La Patrie, of Montreal, for publishing libellous statements concerning the management of the Jesuits' estates.

Mrs. Snider, colored, is dead at the general hospital at Kingston, aged 100 years. She was the oldest representative of her race in the district, and was a resident of Kingston for over 60 years. Her parents were slaves in Virginia, and some of her relatives were owned by Gen. Washington.

Courtland Freeman Bridgman, who has been on trial in Montreal for shooting his wife on the street several weeks ago, was declared guilty by a jury of shooting with intent to murder. Bridgman was visibly affected by the rendering of the jury. Sentence was deferred. Bridgman is from Winnipeg, where his people are well connected.

Dr. Playter, editor of the Canada Health Journal, threatens to sue the Hon. Mr. Angers, minister of agriculture, for libel in connection with certain statements made against him (Playter) in an interview with the Free Press. Dr. Playter will also in a letter to the press reiterate his charges against the Canadian quarantine, including that on the Pacific coast.

The first mail from Australia for London arrived in Montreal on Wednesday morning and will be forwarded to New York by the Delaware & Hudson railway, thence to Southampton by the Victoria Augusta. The last named steamer is due there on the 22nd, making the total time from Sydney to London 35 days, which is three days less than by San Francisco, and somewhat less than by the Suez canal.

Mr. Johnson, Dominion statistician, has received several inquiries from Australia on trade matters. Winchicomb, Carson & Co., produce salesmen, Sydney, ask for the names of two or three reliable firms in the leading cities of Canada to act as selling brokers for the disposal of furskins, tanned and untanned, sheepskins, basils, etc. Another firm, Edward Hordern & Co., of Sydney, want a list of drygoods manufacturers in the Dominion.

A dispatch has been received from Devil's Lake, North Dakota, stating that the sheriff had seized the elevators of the Red River Valley Co., for $100,000 each, with interest. The Bank of Ottawa and Canadian Bank of Commerce are concerned. Neither of the Toronto concerns can lose anything, their interest being protected by the banks in Duluth. The big drop in wheat made it impossible for the Red River valley to pay its notes, and the banks seized the elevators so they might not be forestalled for other creditors.

It was reported in Montreal that efforts were being made by a number of American and Canadian capitalists to secure control of the Grand Trunk Railway. Among those mentioned in connection with the deal are George Gould and Russell Sage, of New York, who, it is said, are figuring with Duncan McIntyre, one of the directors of the Grand Trunk, and J. Forget, a prominent shareholder of the road, who are now in England for the purpose, it is stated, of arranging with some of the large shareholders to buy whatever balance of the stock is necessary to secure control of the road. The Grand Trunk officials say they know nothing of the scheme.

The Countess of Derby writes to the papers as follows: "Sir,—Would you kindly allow the following to appear in your paper: At the first meeting of the ladies' committee at Ottawa it was proposed that the present o his royal highness the Duke of York, and to the Princess May, from the women of Canada, should be a sleigh with robes, silver bells and harness complete. This suggestion, however, met with disapproval from many quarters. We then agreed to ask for other suggestions from committees formed for the purpose of raising money in all the provinces. Having, however, obtained their opinions, which differed widely from one another, the difficulty of making a choice still remained. We therefore decided to lay the matter before his royal highness the Duke of York, asking him to let us know what would afford him and the princess the greatest pleasure in receiving. I accordingly wrote on Monday, sending a list of the various suggestions, at the same time requesting him to cable me what kind of a present he and the princess would prefer. In this way we hope that we shall be able to obtain a decision most satisfactory under the circumstances."

DALTON M'CARTHY'S MOVE.

Impartial Estimate of the New Leader's Strength.

FEATURES OF HIS DUAL POLICY

Demand for Tariff Reform—The Race and Religion Cry—The Orange Body and the Protestant Protective Association.

The Toronto correspondent of the Montreal Witness, who is exceptionally well informed on the state of public feeling in Ontario, writes on the McCarthy movement as follows:

Mr. Dalton McCarthy continues to be an increasingly prominent figure in the public eye. At Woodstock, this week, his meeting was, in some respects, the most successful he has yet held. A more mixed array of local personages than ever before appeared on his platform, including leading Liberals as well as prominent Conservatives, and clergymen as well as laymen. The inevitable vote of thanks was moved by the Rev. Dr. McMullen, a well known Liberal in politics, and a brother of one of the Liberal members for Wellington county in the Canadian House of Commons. It would be absurd to attach to his presence or his act any significance of a party kind. The Liberals who appeared on Mr. McCarthy's platform did not by their appearance there proclaim themselves to be "mugwumps" or intimate their intention to desert either Mr. Laurier or Sir Oliver Mowat. But the complexion of the platform occupants had a significance of its own, as had likewise so successful a meeting in so Liberal a constituency as Oxford county. It all means that Mr. McCarthy is making headway, that he is more and more getting the public ear, that his words are receiving more general and more respectful attention, and that the movement of which he is the recognized head is assuming less of a personal and more of an organic character. In so far as this is the case, it may mean that either Mr. McCarthy has the ability, force of character and skill to create a movement, or that public opinion is ripe for a new departure, and that he has dropped into the leadership. There is some truth in each explanation. Mr. McCarthy is fortunate in the fact that he does not need to build up a following purely by conversion; rather, he speaks to a mass of people who are, for reasons unconnected with him, inclined to the views he advocates. On the other hand, it is useless to ignore the equally patent fact, that in his recent speeches he has displayed, for grappling with public questions, a capacity he was not generally thought to possess, and, in maintaining an attitude, a firmness he was not formerly accustomed to exhibit. People of all shades of political feeling and all kinds of political partisanship go to listen to his speeches, which, from their very independence of party influence, have at least the charm of novelty. There is no appearance yet of any design to organize a third party and it is not at all likely that Mr. McCarthy will attempt anything of the sort. So far he has indicated only a determined purpose to prevent the spread of French and Roman Catholic influence in Manitoba and the Northwest under the impulse of legal enactments, and to bring about a reduction in the customs duties which at present serve as protection to Canadian manufacturers. It is altogether likely that he will content himself with trying to secure the election of a few independent members on both sides of the House of Commons who may for a time hold the balance of power and force concessions from the party in control, whichever it may be.

It is needless to say much in this connection about Mr. McCarthy's tariff policy. He is himself obviously nebulous as to particulars, he wants less protection, but he seldom ventures to specify the articles on which he would make reductions or the extent of the reductions he would make, and when he does go into details he leaves the impression that it would have been better for his own cause if he had confined himself to generalities. It was by generalities Sir John Macdonald captured the country in 1878. Had he put his tariff of 1879 before the electors he would never have defeated the Mackenzie Government. The electors of the west just now, and especially the electors in the rural districts, are suffering from trade depression to an extent unprecedented for a generation. They are predisposed to listen to anyone who undertakes to talk to them about their condition, to sympathize with them in their distress, to point out the causes of their felt uneasiness, and to propose a remedy for it. All this Mr. McCarthy does well when he confines himself to generalities, but it is just as dangerous for him as it is for Sir John Thompson to enter into details of tariff reform. Both agree that "mouldering branches must be lopped off," and neither is in a position to say what will be condemned to destruction and what will be spared. This is due to the nature of the case, and Mr. McCarthy will soon be, if he is not already, convinced that for him to accept the protectionists' invitation to enter into details would be a huge and fatal tactical blunder. I suspect that he will also soon become convinced of the futility of coupling loyalty with tariff reform. More than usually advantageous opportunities for ascertaining the trend of public opinion in this province have convinced me that people generally do not mix their loyalty to the empire up with their opinions and interests in relation to industrial pursuits. They are, irrespective of party leanings and allegiances, prepared to accept relief from whatever quarter it comes, and they will, to all appearance, be still more free from scruple in this respect before the general election comes off, than they are now. The present prospect is not a hopeful one so far as agriculture is concerned, and a little additional pressure and stringency may suffice to carry men a long way from their old moorings in search of relief.

Many of those who are ready enough to accept Mr. McCarthy's trade policy, shrink from what they regard as his needless assaults on the race and religion of the people of Quebec. Possibly it would make him stronger if he were to allow the question of the French language and the Roman Catholic separate schools to drop into the background, but apparently he has no intention of making the experiment. At Woodstock he stuck the language and school question in the very forefront of his appeal to the audience, and this is probably meant to be his answer to all those who tender him advice either explicit or implicit as to the course he should take in this matter. And, speaking simply as an observer of passing events, I feel myself unable to say that it would be advantageous to Mr. McCarthy's "movement," to leave out one-half of its raison d'etre, or that he would make his platform stronger by making it narrower. At present he stands with one foot on each of two planks, and no one can safely say that from merely a tactical standpoint he would make his position more tenable by getting both feet on one plank and letting the other slide. Those who differ with Mr. McCarthy, perhaps, overlook a feature of the situation which is quite familiar to him, namely, that the greatest stronghold of Conservatism in Ontario has always been the Orange order. Nine local lodges out of ten—perhaps the proportion is even larger—have always been for all practical purposes Conservative committee rooms during the election campaigns. The name of Sir John Macdonald was a household word with the members on account of his personal devotion to the British crown and his constant pleas for British connection. That he was supported by a large proportion of Roman Catholics was to many disgraceful, but they accepted their allies for the sake of "the old man." Mr. McCarthy knows well enough that no other person can ever inherit Sir John Macdonald's personal influence any more than he can inherit his personal characteristics. He knows also that Orange farmers are suffering quite as much as Roman Catholic farmers from commercial stagnation. Whatever else, therefore, his attitude towards the French language and Roman Catholic religion may accomplish it certainly helps to secure for him a favorable hearing amongst Orangemen everywhere when he talks tariff reform to them. Apart altogether from the effect of his race-and-religion crusade on Roman Catholics and tolerant Protestants it is calculated to strengthen him with that section of the people of Ontario where he must get his chief support and where, obviously, he can do his great opponent, Sir John Thompson, most harm. Giving the latter an absolutely solid Roman Catholic following in Ontario at the next election he would fare badly indeed if even a considerable section of the "old guard" Conservative Orangemen should "bolt."

It may be possible for Mr. Bowell and Mr. Wallace to hold the vast majority of the order true to their old time party allegiance, but it must be plain to even a superficial observer that whatever danger they are in of losing part of their following is due to one of Mr. McCarthy's planks quite as much as to the other. If anyone has any doubt on this point he can easily set his mind at rest by travelling through Ontario and hearing the current and all but ubiquitous discussions about the Protestant Protective Association. The spread of this curious oath-bound organization throughout Ontario has been phenomenally rapid. Its members are prohibited from giving the public any particulars of its growth, but the presence of a branch in any district soon becomes locally known, and as those who join it are usually propagandists many interesting facts about it come to light. Its membership in most places is drawn chiefly from the Orange order and the Sons of England, and as each of these bodies is strongly Conservative and loyal it follows that the Protestant Protective Association is prevailingly loyal and Conservative. In many places, however, not a few Liberals have joined the organization, some undoubtedly from sympathy with its leading aim and titular purpose, some probably from curiosity, and some perhaps from a feeling that for party purposes it may be just as well to look after such a society from the inside, and keep an eye upon the weaker but more enthusiastic brethren. The members of the association regard it as an offshoot of the American Protective Association, and they point with pride to what the latter has already achieved during its very brief career. In some United States cities the public schools had fallen, or were rapidly falling, under the control of the Roman Catholic hierarchy through their control of the Roman Catholic electors. This aggrandizement of one church in educational matters had been accomplished partly by the increase of these electors through immigration and partly by "trading" votes and influences at municipal, state and national elections. In one large city the A. P. A. has succeeded in driving every Roman Catholic out of civic life and out of school control, and members of the P. P. A. do not hesitate to say that they will never rest satisfied till they bring about the abolition of Roman Catholic separate schools in this province. It is vain to remind those who speak in this way that the existence of separate schools is guaranteed by the British North America Act; their answer is that, though the latter is an Imperial statute it can be amended, and if it cannot be amended, it can be repealed, even if repeal means something eventual from which most of the P. P. A. members would at present shrink. It goes without saying that the association bids fair to be a tower of strength to Mr. McCarthy, as all who belong to it are in strong sympathy with his race and religion plan, and most of them are not averse to his tariff reform one. All who wish to understand political movements and events during the next two years, covering a provincial and Dominion election, should keep one eye fixed on the Protestant Protective Association and Mr. McCarthy.

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1 House, full sized lot, fenced, close to tram; only $850; cash $150; balance on easy terms at 8 per cent.; cheap.
1 House and Lot, Craigflower Road, only $750; cash $100; balance at 8 per cent., easy terms.
½ acre Blocks, $250; 1 acre Blocks at $500; easy terms.
50 acres of good Land, 9 miles from city, railway crosses it; very cheap, $50 per acre.
100 acres of good land; 9 miles from city; very cheap, $25 per acre.
100 acres, improved; 12 heifers, 5 pigs, 4 doz. chickens, 1 horse, 1 cottage, woodshed, stable, chicken house, etc.; $6000 good terms.
99 acres, Cobble Hill, fine improved farm, $4,800.
200 acres, Cobble Hill, improved; $3,000, very easy terms.
63 acres, Cadboro Bay, 4 miles from P. O., under cultivation, with improvements costing $7 000; land $800 per acre; improvements $4,000; good terms.
Kaslo lots, in good position, cheap.
Several good Houses to Rent.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MIL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

C. P. N. CO., LD.
Steamer

Princess Louise
ROBERTS, MASTER,
Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf
—FOR—
Naas and Way Ports
FRIDAY, June 16th,
At 6 o'clock p.m.
For freight or passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf Street.
The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time, without notification.
JOHN IRVING,
Manager.
Jul2-td

R. C. P. CO.'S
Screw Steamer

Cariboo and Fly
(Classed A1½)
CAPT. WM. BEYNON,
Will leave Porter's Wharf on
Saturday Ev'g, 17th Inst.,
At Six o'clock, for
NAAS RIVER AND WAY PORTS.
For Freight and Insurance apply to
DALBY & CLAXTON,
Agents.
Jul4-3t

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.
A. HYAMS - - Manager

The Victoria Lithograph Co.,
(LIMITED)
CORNER YATES AND GOVERNMENT
STREETS, UPSTAIRS,
Is now prepared to turn out all classes of work, such as
Maps, Checks, Drafts,
Bill Heads, Letter Heads,
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VISITING CARDS printed from Copper plates and stone.
PORTRAITS enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art.
Orders left at the TIMES Office or with the Manager will be promptly attended to.
W. R. CREECH, Manager.

I. X. L. COMPOUND

To Fruit Growers and Gardeners

Now is the time to spray your trees and destroy insect pests and have healthy fruit trees next season, by using

I. X. L. COMPOUND,

The cheapest and most effective Insecticide and Fungicide yet produced. For Sale by

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, VICTORIA, B.C.

We shall be pleased to give full explanation as to its use.
A full line of Spraying Outfits and Pruning Tools on hand.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years. mar4

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $20 per acre; half cash, balance on time Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, m29-tf 56 Third street Victoria

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Results of Yesterday's Events at the Shooting Tournament.

GOOD ATTENDANCE AT THE GROUNDS

Interest Taken in the Live Bird Match for the Globe Trophy—Fifty-Nine Contestants in the First Match To-Day—Other Notes.

After the weather cleared yesterday afternoon the contestants in the Sportsmen's Association tournament commenced firing and the remaining events on the programme were finished before dark. In the evening the wind interfered with the shooting and prevented many from making their usual scores. In the first event J. T. Warren, Spokane; Short, Victoria; W. A. Eberly, Tacoma; O. Weller, Victoria, all made the full score of 10 birds.

EVENT NO. 2.

Fifteen singles, entrance $2.50, added $50. First prize, 30 per cent.; 2nd prize, 25 per cent.; 3rd prize, 20 per cent.; 4th prize, 15 per cent.; 5th prize, 10 per cent.

This event was very closely contested, there being a number of fourteens and two fifteens. The fifteens were made by Denham of Tacoma and Weller of Victoria.

EVENT NO. 3.

Individual championship, 20 singles, entrance $3.50.—First prize, gold badge, value $250, presented by the Multnomah Rod and Gun Club, Portland. (Conditions—Winner holds it for one year.) Second prize, 15 per cent. Third prize, 10 per cent. The present holder of the badge receiving 75 per cent.

There were 45 entries. It was won by T. B. Ware of Tacoma, the only contestant who broke all his birds. Following are the scores above ten:—

T. B. Ware	11111-11111-11111-11111	20
G. E. Hughes	11111-11111-11111-11110	19
J. F. Warren	11111-11101-01111-11111	18
G. Cooper	11101-11111-11111-11011	18
N. G. Lisson	01011-11101-11111-11111	17
W. A. Eberley	10111-11111-10101-11111	17
J. C. Maclure	10111-10110-11111-11111	17
O. Weller	11110-11111-01111-11111	17
F. S. Maclure	10111-11110-01011-11111	16
C. W. Minor	01111-10111-10111-11011	16
H. N. Short	00111-11011-11111-01111	16
P. Kinzel	11101-11101-11110-11001	16
H. T. Denham	11110-10011-11101-11111	16
B. H. John	11111-00111-11101-11101	16
W. Bickford	11111-01111-11010-11110	16
W. H. Adams	11111-01101-11101-10111	16
F. G. Mason	11110-11110-01111-00011	15
E. E. Ellis	11111-01111-11101-00110	15
T. F. Smith	11111-10011-01011-11011	15
W. B. George	10110-11011-11110-11011	15
Oregon	11111-10110-11101-00110	14
A. R. Churchill	11101-10111-10110-01101	14
J. M. Bell	01111-10110-10111-01110	14
J. Hardy	11001-11010-11011-11101	14
C. Toff	11011-00111-01101-11011	14
H. A. Munn	01001-10101-10011-11111	14
W. Conover	01111-00110-01011-11110	13
A. L. Alki	01101-11010-11011-11001	13
W. A. Hardy	10010-11010-10010-11111	13
P. N. Thompson	11101-01110-11111-00001	13
S. B. Vanzandt	11101-01100-11011-11001	13
T. F. Bringham	01110-10110-11111-00100	12
J. J. Evans	11011-01110-00110-01110	12
Z. Doty	11110-10100-11100-10001	11
W. Greig	11110-10101-10010-10100	11
G. K. Clark	11111-00000-00011-10110	10

Eberly of Tacoma won the badge last year.

EVENT NO. 4.

Ten singles, entrance $1.50, added $40.00. First prize, 30 per cent.; 2nd prize, 25 per cent.; 3rd prize 20 per cent.; 4th prize, 15 per cent.; 5th prize, 10 per cent.

Fifty-seven entered in this event. The winners were E. E. Ellis of Tacoma, and J. C. Maclure of Victoria, ten birds each—the full score. D. L. Williams, C. E. Hughes, W. White, H. T. Dunham, J. J. Evans, N. G. Sisson, T. B. Ware, E. S. Barlow, W. R. Dodge, J. Hardy, A. R. Churchill, A. Kinzel and W. A. Eberly tied for second place, with nine birds each. There were a number of eights.

EVENT NO. 5.

(Teams of Two.)

Ten singles, entrance $6 per team, added $50. First prize, 50 per cent.; 2nd prize, 30 per cent.; 3rd prize, 20 per cent.

This was a close and exciting match. The score was:—

W. A. Eberly, Tacoma	11111111	9
E. S. Barlow, Tacoma	1111111111	10
Total		19
T. F. Smith, Tacoma	1111111110	9
T. Bringham, Tacoma	0111111111	9
Total		18
C. Minor, Victoria	1111111111	10
F. S. Hewling, Victoria	1011011111	8
Total		18
F. S. Maclure, Victoria	1001011111	7
J. C. Maclure, Victoria	1111111011	9
Total		16
C. Weller, Victoria	1111111011	9
W. Bickford, Victoria	1101011011	7
Total		16
B. N. John, Victoria	1011011011	7
H. A. Munn, Victoria	1011111101	8
Total		15
H. T. Denham, Tacoma	1011111110	8
E. E. Ellis, Tacoma	1110011110	7
Total		15
C. S. Hughes, Portland	1111111101	9
D. Cooper, Whatcom	0111111000	6
Total		15
H. K. Churchill, Seattle	1011011000	5
J. Hardy, Seattle	1111111111	10
Total		15
P. A. Kinzel, Portland	1011101011	7
Oregon, Portland	1111001110	7
Total		14
J. M. Bell, Tacoma	0001011111	6
W. R. Dodge, Tacoma	1111010110	7
Total		13
F. O. Warren, Spokane	0110110110	6
T. B. Ware, Spokane	1001111100	6
Total		12

TO-DAY'S EVENTS.

There was a large attendance at the tournament this morning. The weather was better than yesterday, there being no wind to interfere with the pigeons. The shooting commenced bright and early, but as the live bird match took much time the other events will not be finished until late this evening.

EVENT NO. 6.

Fifteen singles. Entrance $2.50, added $50; first prize 30 per cent.; second 25, third 20, fourth 15, fifth 10.

There were 59 entries in this match. The score was:—F. S. Maclure, E. G. White, D. Cooper, H. T. Denham, H. A. Munn, J. J. Evans, W. White and E. A. Kimball, 14 each; T. A. Bringham, P. Thompson, T. B. Ware, E. S. Barlow, A. K. Clarke, E. C. Hughes, W. R. Dodge and P. Kenzel, 13 each; E. E. Ellis, J. F. Warren, W. A. Hardy, W. B. George, G. B. Vantreight, W. Conover, R. C. Stevens, T. C. Smith, N. Short, B. H. John, J. F. Smith, J. C. Maclure and Oregon, 12 each; A. L. Alki, Z. Doty, C. W. Minor, J. Hardy, F. H. Hewlings, W. H. Adams, O. Weller and W. Bickford, 11 each; W. A. Eberly, C. Toff, W. J. Leary, C. F. Todd, J. Monk and B. H. Adams, 10 each; A. R. Churchill, J. C. Inks, J. W. Edwards, D. C. Williams, J. C. Nattrus and E. Grigg, 9 each; J. W. Henly, W. Grigg and C. Martin, 8 each; W. Middles, 7; C. McCluskey, C. Allen and P. D. Featherstone, 6 each.

The live bird match for the Morning Globe trophy was going on this afternoon.

YACHTING.

THE BRITANNIA LEADS.

London, June 14.—The Britannia and Valkyrie were measured at Dover yesterday, when it was discovered that the difference in rating between them had been over-estimated and that the Britannia was the winner of Saturday's match by three seconds. The Britannia's rating is now 151 and the Valkyrie's 149.67.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Charles McMunn has challenged A. Reid to a scratch pool match, $100 a side. Conditions to be agreed upon.

The final in the pool tournament at Brown's will be played this evening. Archie Reid (scratch) and G. H. Smith (20 start) are the contestants.

In the pool tournament at Brown's billiard parlors last night G. Smith (20 start) scored 100; F. Gowdy (20 start) scored 70; A. Reid (scratch), 100; C. McMunn (scratch), 79.

Corrig College and the Cathedral Choir play at Beacon Hill this afternoon.

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

PERSONAL.

Visitors and Passengers to and From the City and Province.

A. H. B. Macgowan of Vancouver is in the city.

Morris Guttman is across the Sound for a few days.

Foster Macgurn and Mrs. Macgurn have gone to Kootenay.

P. P. Gibson of Vancouver and J. A. Kirk of Nelson are at the Driard.

Alex. McLean will leave for San Francisco by the Walla Walla on Sunday.

R. J. Keown, jr., Miss Keown and Miss Brewer of Tacoma are registered at the Driard.

Miss Kenny, daughter of John Kenny, M.P., and Miss Alman of Halifax are at the Driard.

F. W. Ward of the new Australian steamship line came down from the Mainland on the Miowera and is at the Driard.

G. Leiser and Mrs. Leiser left for Toronto this morning. Mr. Leiser is a delegate to the meeting of the Supreme Grand Lodge of A.O.U.W.

Martin Stone is back from Vancouver, where on Tuesday evening he met and wedded Miss Paine of Newfoundland. Mr. and Mrs. Stone will live here.

Wm. Caldwell, wife and family, C. F. Gibbons, England; H. D. Fleming and Miss Fleming, Ottawa; Miss Kenny and Miss Almon of Halifax, are at the Hotel Dallas.

Councillor W. H. and Miss Woods of Preston, Lancashire, Eng., were passengers by last night's Islander. After spending a few days here and in Vancouver, Banff and Winnipeg, they will proceed to the World's Fair, thence home, via Niagara, having circled the globe in some eight or nine months' travel.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—The B. C. Agricultural Society will meet next Monday at 8.

—The at home at the Y.M.C.A. last evening was a great success.

—A special meeting of the city council will be held Friday night.

—Confirmation at St. Mark's church has been postponed until the evening of July 6th

—T. J. Ridehalgh and Miss R. J. Cummings were married last evening by Bishop Cridge.

—The contract for the infectious diseases hospital, which was let to J. G. Brown, has been signed by Mayor Beaven.

mittee will take place next week. There will be a surplus this year which may be used to blow the rocks out at the Gorge.

—The schotars of the Methodist Sunday school at Spring Ridge said farewell to their pastor, Rev. Coverdale Watson, last evening.

—Three unclaimed awards from the recent Christ Church cathedral bazaar, won by numbers 24, 12 and 22, may be had on application to Mrs. Philip T. Johnston.

—The three local courts of the Ancient Order of Foresters, with the Juvenile Court and the Companions of the Forest, will hold an excursion to Westminster on Saturday, July 22.

—At a meeting of the Ladies' Aid of the First Presbyterian church it was decided to hold, on Wednesday, June 28th, a strawberry social in honor of the first anniversary of Dr. Campbell's pastorate.

—Engineer Mohun yesterday received his formal notice of dismissa from City Clerk Bowler. The letter stated that the services of Mr. Mohun would not be required after the end of the month.

—John Hall, charged with doing a retail business without a license, was arraigned in the police court this morning. Hall proved that he paid his license after the service of the summons. He paid the costs and was dismissed.

English Battle Axes.

What was the great weapon used by the Englishman at Hastings? With what weapon was he armed for the most part when he dealt such deadly blows upon the Norman horsemen in the earlier part of the day? As to the answer to this question we are left in no doubt, says the Contemporary Review. History and tradition alike ascribe his long resistance to one weapon, and one weapon alone, the famous Danish axe.

Everywhere in the "Roman de Rou" the same fact stares us in the face. With one exception every single act of valor which the Englishman achieves at Hastings is wrought with the axe or the gisrame. As the Norman weapon was the lance, so the English was the axe. "The Normans," says Harold to his brother Gurth, "are good vassals, valiant on foot and on horse. * * * They have long lances and swords, * * * and we have sharp axes and great-edged bills." A few lines further on we read that the English were armed with the "hache or gisarme," "with axes and well cutting gisarmes."

Harold's own special friends—the corps d'elite of the English army—are accoutred with sword and shield, and in addition to this they hung "great hatchets on their necks, with which they could strike doughty blows." Whenever a special deed of valor is to be credited to an Englishman, with one exception, it is due to the axe he bears. And now, what were these axes that dealt such deadly destruction on the Norman knights? As to this we are left in no doubt. Time after time does Wace call them "great axes." The head alone in one instance was a foot in length. And the Bayeux tapestry, out of about twenty axes, represents all except some three as having long handles. Hardly ever do we find in the tapestry the short axe for one hand.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—A Harker, Mrs S Fowles, S Fowles, Miss Moore, R Allison, W Traill, A C Martin, Miss M Collie, Miss A Collie, T Clemens, R D Fetherstone, W Middler, Mrs Crease, E Eldridge, Mrs Hall, A M Bullock, A H B McGowan, F R Stewart, C W McCain, Geo Stevens, Miss Flemming, Miss Keeney, Miss Allman, F Gibson, J A Kirk, Geo A Toole, H Flemming, H Keho, W E Reinhart, Robert Rolston and wife, John Frett, E McDonough, C F Gibbons, J Pettit, Mrs Pettit, E Spellman, Miss Raymond, G T Elston, Wm Pooley, W Thompson, M Springer, Mrs Appleby, Miss Hall, Miss Stoddard, A Tattersfield, F W Hall.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—J Bryden and wife, Rev H A Webb, M Hammond, Fred Johnson, J M Moulby, Annie Howard, Wm Hansen, L M Griswold, Jas Fahys and wife, F Anderson, C R Shedd, T M Irving, P S Keller, Maggie Wilson, Miss M L Fahys, Miss M D Fahys, Miss B Fahys, J C Talbot and wife, Nellie Hutchinson, T Morley, Rev D H Reed, C A Sharp, Mrs Weber, D D Barnard, Jno Eke, J R Kinnon, T Delaney, E B Barthrope, C A Watfield, B Rogers, N Peterson, O Munson, E Kaine, O Harris, J T McKay, A Anderson, R J Keown, O E Johnson, Lewis Erickson, S B Rich, Mrs Stigman, S Y Berg, Andrew Loland, C Hansen and wife, Dr Barthorne and wife and daughter, August Johnson, Mrs Arten, Jas Redpath, J Gould, E J Waugh, P H Jenesen, F Mills.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—L H, T S, R T W, F C D, J Issler, Weller Bros, S Leiser, Turner B, J Piercy, D Birdwood, Swirtz Bros, Johns Bros, J Fullerton, Jas Maynard, H Mausell, Ames Holden Co, J P Mathews, A J Rowbotham, H Saunders, Hud Bay Co, Rev R J Anderson, W Smyth, J Wrigleswerth, Jno Braden, J H Turner, J Spencer, Langley & Co, Vict Iron Wks, Marvin & T, Geo Morrison, W S Hampson, Lenz & Leiser, C E Redfern, Nat Elec Co, E G Anderson, E G Prior, F Norris, L Dickinson, Fell & Co, Wm Wilby, S H E Co, Bank of Montreal, W H Phillips, J H Todd & Son, R Jamieson, Nat Elec Co, Bank of B C, C Strouss, R P Rithet, S Shore, Nicolles & R, M C Reynard, E C Baker, Foster McGurn, J Earsman, John Boyd, J H Todd, R B Esnouf, Dom Cartridge Co, R McDonald, T Earle, Singer M Co, Thompson & K, Quintard & P, Ramsay Bros, Dom Ex Co.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—Turner Reeton & Co, J Parker, Marvin & T, Wilson Bros, Leonard & J, Valo & B, F Barrea, A Carbone, J Bones, E G Prior & Co, H Saunders, Alta Canmon, D Campbell, H J Thompson, Canada Paint Co, Carne & M, S H E Furn Co, A B Diplock, Jno Earsman, W C Shaw, Jas P Morgan, J Locklan, A Spencer, R Jones, J M Watt & Co, Albion Iron Wks, W Lorimer, M C Winn, Eagle & P, Tai Soong, Ye Yuen.

Unexcelled for flavor, purity and general excellence are our wines. California Wine Company, Limited, Nos. 55 and 57 Broad street.

At Russell & McDonald's,
134 Douglas street, blouse waists.

Wall paper and room mouldings at Mellor's, Fort street, above Douglas.

How to Get "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why Does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

President J. J. Hill, in his address to the reciprocity convention, took occasion to remind his hearers that he was "born in Ontario, in one of the best and pleasantest portions of the province." Mr. Hill was born near Guelph.

Blouse Waists
at Russell & McDonald's.

M. Justice Crease, H. D. Helmcken and J. P. Walls came down from Nanaimo today, where they have been attending the assizes.

Ex Steamer Michigan.

H. CUTHBERT & CO.
AUCTIONEERS,
Are instructed by J. C. Prevost, Esq., to sell

By Auction, at the City Market,
—ON—
WEDNESDAY, June 21st,
1893, at 11 a.m., the remainder of the Cargo from the above Steamer, comprising the following

MERCHANDISE,

Namely: 3 bbls. Empty Bottles, 2 bbls. ditto., 11 Hides of Leather, 5 Boxes Spikes, 4 Boxes Sapolio, 10 Rolls Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, 1-gal. Iron Boiler, 6 Door Mats, 2 Rolls of Oilcloth, 1 Iron Arm Chair, 2 Rolls of Burlap, 36 gals. of Vinegar, 1 Cask of Putty, etc., etc., 2 cases Microbe Killer, 1 bbl. of Tar, 2 Oak Planks. Terms Cash.

HERBERT CUTHBERT,
Auctioneer.

A SHORT STORY.
COTTOLENE is the best Shortening for all cooking purposes.
A TRUE STORY.
COTTOLENE is the only healthful shortening made. Physicians endorse it.
An OLD STORY.
that uncomfortable feeling of "too much richness" from food cooked in lard.
A NEW STORY.
Food cooked in COTTOLENE is delicate, delicious, healthful, comforting.
Do YOU use COTTOLENE?

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.
Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

TELEPHONE 804
A Full Supply of Fancy and Staple Groceries Always on hand at
Franck's Grocery,
COR. FORT & QUADRA STS.
We allow you 5 per cent. Cash Discount On All and Every Purchase.
GOODS DELIVERED FREE.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.
Great Variety of Goods Just Received per S. S. Tacoma.
Very Cheap—Good Value.
Few Nice Palms and Fern Plants.
EARLY CALL SOLICITED.
T. S. FUTCHER,
Importer and Retailer.
41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

CASH CASH
1,000,000 Bricks For Sale.
$6 per M.
Hand Made.
M. HUMBER.
CASH CASH
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The Stanley House
GENERAL DRY GOODS.
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST., COR. OF FORT ST.

SEE OUR WINDOWS
Where Are Ticketed The
Cheapest Jackets, Capes, Mantles,
Etc., Etc.,
In British Columbia.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO

JOSHUA DAVIES, AUCTIONEER
On FRIDAY, June 16th,
At 11 a.m., I will sell by
PUBLIC AUCTION
On the upper story of Messrs. A. B. Gray & Company's premises, corner of Wharf and Bastion Streets, where the goods have been removed for convenience of sale, the balance of the McLean stock of CLOTHING, Furnishing Goods, etc., and including
25 doz. Hats,
300 doz. Ties,
150 doz. Handkerchiefs,
75 doz. Collars.
16 doz. Cambric Shirts,
100 doz. Towels,
50 Pairs Blankets,
25 doz. Napkins,
Shirts,
Hosiery, Etc., Etc.
As per particulars when catalogued.
JOSHUA DAVIES,
ju5 Auctioneer.

JOSHUA DAVIES, AUCTIONEER
MORTGAGEES' SALE
ON THE PREMISES
Colonist Hotel,
BEACON HILL,
SATURDAY, JUNE 17,
AT 11 O'CLOCK A.M.
I am instructed by the Mortgagees to sell on the premises, Colonist Hotel, all the Chattels, Furniture, Bedding, Pictures, Plate, Linen, China Cutlery, Crockery, Billiard Tables and Fittings, Liquors, Bar Fittings, Etc.
TERMS CASH.
JOSHUA DAVIES,
ju14 Auctioneer.

REAL ESTATE SALE.
I am instructed by E. Simpson, Esq., to sell by Public Auction, at the Auction Rooms, 40 Yates Street, on Wednesday, 21st inst., that piece of Land in Highland District, known as half of Section 14 on the official map, comprising eighty (80) acres more or less.
Terms Cash; deeds at purchaser's expense; title, Crown grant.
W. R. CLARKE,
ju14 Auctioneer.

PICNIC PARTIES
EVERYTHING REQUIRED FOR A SUCCESSFUL PICNIC CAN BE OBTAINED AT
HENRY SAUNDERS'
39 and 41 JOHNSON STREET.
Canned Poultry, Meats, Soups, Fish, Fruits, Etc.
Temperance Beverages, Violet and Ginger Champagne.
Finest Imported Ports, Sherries, Madeiras and Champagnes.

The Largest Stock of
Boys' Clothing
In the City
A Bat And Ball
Given Away with each Boy's Suit
AT THE
GOLDEN RULE CLOTHING STORE,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

Keep Cool
This we believe will be a hard job during the next three months. We are fully prepared for the hot spell.
Light Coats and Vests
In Serges, Flannelettes, Tweeds, Flannels, Etc.
Neglige Overshirts
In all the Latest Shades.
Straw Hats, Light Felt and Crush Hats, Boating Caps.
Tan, Canvas, Tennis and Lacrosse Shoes.
Gilmore & McCandless,
35 AND 37 JOHNSON STREET.
TELEPHONE CALL 563.

The Best Place in B.C.
To Get a Tony Suit
At a Moderate Price
D. CAMPBELL & CO.
88 GOVERNMENT STREET.
Fancy Summer Tweed Suits
From $25 up.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.
Established 1873.
—BANKERS—
VICTORIA, B. C.
Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.
—AGENTS FOR—
WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

THE PROVIDENT SAVINGS LIFE
ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
ISSUES ALL THE LATEST AND MOST EQUITABLE FORMS OF INSURANCE OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.
New Business for 1892, - - - - - $19,517,516.00
Insurance in force Dec. 31, 1892, - - - 76,845,241.00
S. H. MATSON,
Manager for the Province of B C. OFFICE: 18 Trounce Ave. (Page & Winnett.)